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Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY JOHN S. & H. N. GALLIHER.

VOL. 42. THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 15, 1849. NO. 4.

To the Public.

HAVING associated with me in Cabinet Making Thomas Binnix, under the firm of HOPKINS & BINNIX, we are prepared to carry on the above business in all its various branches, consisting in part of

Parlor and Rocking Chairs,
SOFAS & LOUNGES,
OF EVERY VARIETY AND PATTERN.
—ALSO—
Upholstery and Mattrass Making.

We have a complete HEARSE, and *Undertaking*, in town and country, will be promptly attended to. As for neatness and durability, our work will not be surpassed.

We respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
THOMAS HOPKINS,
THOMAS BINNIX.
Shepherdstown, Dec. 8, [14] 1848—3m—*Spirit.*

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, &c.

40 Bags prime Rio Green Coffee,
20 bbls. first quality N. O. Molasses,
2 hbds. N. O. Sugar,
5 bbls. Crushed and Powdered Loaf Sugar,
4 boxes No. 1 Loaf Sugar,
4 bbls. Pickles,
1,000 lbs. pure White Lead,
1 barrel Spirits of Turpentine,
2 bbls. Japan and Copal Varnish,
50 gross Golsh's Matches,
2 chests Imperial Tea. For sale at
YOUNG'S *Agency.*
Dec 7, 1848.

For Housekeepers.

JUST received,
1 Box Citron,
1 " Dried Currants,
20 " Raisins,
1 Frail Almonds,
1 Basket Sallad Oil,
1 Case Preserved Ginger,
1 " French Mustard,
1 " Vanilla Bean.
J. J. MILLER.
Dec. 7, 1848.

Fresh Bunch Raisins.

50 BOXES Raisins' 40 half box do, 50 quarter do. do, for sale by
A. YONNG, Jr., Agent.
Harpers-Ferry, Dec 7.

Citron, Lemons, &c.

2 BOXES Citron; 4 boxes Lemons;
1 cask Zante Currants;
1 bale Bordeaux Almonds; 1 bale Filberts;
5 boxes Fire Crackers. For sale by
ADAM YOUNG, Agent.
Harpers-Ferry, Dec 7.

Boots and Shoes.

150 PAIR Ladies' Walking Shoes;
100 pair " fine Kid do.;
100 pair Men's and Boys' Boots;
300 " Children's Shoes;
125 " Ladies' Gum Over Shoes;
124 " Men's " " "
For sale low, by GIBSON & HARRIS.
Oct. 19, 1848.

Warehouse at Shepherdstown.

Wheat, Corn &c. Wanted.

M. H. & V. W. MOORE respectfully inform the citizens of Jefferson and Berkeley counties, Va., and those of Washington county, Md., that they have rented the large and commodious BRICK WAREHOUSE at Shepherdstown, on the Potomac River, where they will at all times be prepared to furnish transportation in their superior line of

CANAL BOATS,

for any and all Freight, destined for the Markets of the District. Terms, reasonable, and such as will make it the interest of all to give them a trial. ☞ The highest market Cash price will be paid for Iron

5 to 20,000 Bushels of Wheat,

to be delivered at such times as the parties may agree, and in parcels to suit the convenience of those interested. Also, the highest market price will be paid for CORN, OATS, & COUNTRY PRODUCE generally. Farmers and others will find it to their interest to call, before disposing of their Grain or Produce, as our arrangements are such as to offer inducements equal to that of any other House in the Valley."

Plaster, Fish, Salt, &c.

Will be kept constantly on hand, and disposed of on the most reasonable terms by the cargo, or smaller quantity.

The *Warehouse at the Old Furnace* is still under the control of the undersigned, and grateful to the citizens of Jefferson county, generally, who have patronized us so liberally, we solicit a continuance.—The highest price will be paid for Wheat, Corn, &c., and Plaster, Fish, Salt, and other necessary articles always on hand and for sale, at the most reasonable prices.
M. H. & V. W. MOORE.
June 8, 1848—6m.

Cheap Dry Goods, Boots, &c.

10 BALES 4-4, 7-8 Brown Cotton,
2 do 4-4, French Bro. do
5 do 4-4, and 7-8 Osnaburg,
3 do best Bagging,
100 pieces, 3-4, 7-8 and 4-4 bleached Cotton,
150 do Calico,
3000 pounds Cotton Yarn,
500 do colored carpet Yarn,
10 pieces fulled Linsey,
10 do plaid do
50 do Cassimere and Cassinett,
50 pair Negro Blankets,
10 pieces black, blue, green, grey, and drab Cloth,
10 do white, red and yellow Flannel,
12 do Check,
10 cases kip, calf and coarse Boots,
3 do home made and water proof do
200 pair coarse and fine Shoes and Brogans,
100 do Boys' do do do
150 do Women's do do do
6 doz. men and women's Buffalo & Gum Overshoes,
With a general assortment of Dress Goods, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Vestings, &c., &c. All of which we offer low for cash, or in exchange for produce.
WOOD & DANNER,
Nov. 2, 1848. Winchester Depot.

TURNER & MUDGE,

Wholesale Dealers

in Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Powders, Russia Skins, &c. Cash paid for Rags.
No. 3, South Charles Street Baltimore,
April 30, 1847—1y.

S. & T. H. HUNT,

SADDLE, HARNESS,
AND
Trunk Manufacturer,
167 BALTIMORE ST.,
(NEAR THE MUSEUM.) BALTIMORE,

HAVE constantly on hand and for sale, at very reasonable prices, a large assortment of Gentlemen's and Ladies riding SADDLES, made in the very best style, and unsurpassed for comfort and durability. Also—Somerset & SHAFTOE SPRING SADDLES.

HARNESS.—Silver, Brass and Japanned Mounted, light and heavy, coach and buggy harness. Also, wagon and cart harness.

TRUNKS—Travelling Trunks of every description.

SPURS—A new and superior article of Spurs, which can be attached to the heel of any boot without trouble, and dispensing with the strap.

FLY NETS.—A very large assortment of various qualities, colors, and sizes, for harness and saddle horses.

BRIDLES.—English and American Bridles, round and flat leather.

WHIPS.—Coach, buggy and switch whips.

COLLARS.—Patent and plain leather coach and buggy collars. Also, draft collars.

Carpet Bags, Saddle Bags, Hand Trunks, Ladies Bonnet Trunks, &c. &c.
Baltimore, June 29, 1848—6m.

Confectionary.

FRESH Confectionary; assorted Candy, Raisins, Figs, Dates, Almonds, Filberts, &c; Fire Crackers, Torpedos, &c., for sale by
F. DUNNINGTON.
Dunnington's Depot, Dec. 14, 1848.

CHAMPAGNE.—Superior "Tri Color" Champagne, in whole and half bottles, for sale by
Jan. 11. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

New Hardware Store.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform their friends of Jefferson and the adjoining counties, and all who may call on them, that they are now prepared to offer an *Entire New Stock*, which has been selected with the greatest care from the European and American Manufacturers. Our stock comprises in part the following articles, viz:

Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes, Files, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Guns, Curtain Bands, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Cast Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Snathes, Rakes, Forks, Chains, Nails, Iron, Steel, Tin, Wire, Copper, Zinc, Lead, Lead pipes, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, &c.
Stoves, Grates, Anvils, Vices, Bellows,
Harness and Saddlery Mountings,
Elliptic Springs and Axles, *warranted*,
Patent Leather, Painted Cloth, Coach Lace,
Lamps, Hubs, Bows, Hub bands, Malleable Castings, and all goods usually kept in Hardware Stores

Which they offer wholesale and retail, at their new Granite front Warehouse, *Sign of the Gilt Plane*, at the South-east corner of Bridge & High Streets. Entrance first door on the corner in either street.
MUNCASTER & DODGE.
Georgetown, D. C., March 25, 1848—1y.

Printers and Binders

WAREHOUSE, Nos. 29 and 31 Gold Street; MANUFACTORY, corner of Broome & Sheriff Streets, New York.

The subscribers offer for sale, of their own manufacture, their improved *patent* Single and Double Cylinder Printing Presses, for newspaper and book-work; Card Printing Machines; Proof Presses; Hydraulic Presses with *wrought iron* Cylinders; Geered and other Standing Presses; also Lithographic and Copperplate Presses; Binders' Materials, &c., &c.

Chases, Cases, Galleys, Furniture, Stands, Imposing Stones, &c., &c., constantly on hand, and every article necessary for a complete Printing Office, including Type and Ink, furnished on the most favorable terms.

Printers, Publishers and others wishing to establish a Newspaper, Book or Job Office, will be furnished with an estimate for the same, in detail, if desired.

Machinery made to order or drawings, *Iron and Brass Castings to order.*

They also manufacture superior cast steel mill, pit, cross cut, circular and other Saws, a supply of which they keep constantly on hand.
New York, Oct. 12, 1848. R. HOE & CO.

Caution is the Parent of Safety.

HOW often do we see persons inflicted with a slight Cough and Cold, who go on neglecting it until it settles on their lungs, and brings on AN ATTACK of PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, which may eventually cause their death; when, if they had procured a bottle of

Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound,

in the beginning, they never would have experienced any ill results from their cough, but have been cured of it immediately. Therefore, all those who are troubled with a slight cough, will recollect that delays are dangerous; for what may appear trivial in the beginning, may lead to the most dreadful consequences. Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound may be used by persons in the most delicate state of health, with perfect safety, as its effect on the system, although certain, is very mild. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 168 Baltimore Street, Baltimore; and by
T M FLINT, Charlestown;
JOSEPH G HAYS, Harpers-Ferry
H S FORNEY, Shepherdstown;
DORSEY & BOWLY, Winchester.
November 9, 1848—1y

A very important Communication
TO ALL PERSONS IN ALL PLACES,
AT ALL TIMES, AND
Under all Circumstances.

Even the most careless reader will admit that changes in habits, which must, to a greater or lesser extent, disarrange the admirable and intricate combinations which form the system, and consequently EVERY INDIVIDUAL should possess some mild, yet efficacious, simple and accredited agent for preserving all the functions of the body in good order.

Dr. Sweetser's Panacea

will achieve this result, and should be in every family, and in the hands of every person, who by business, profession or general course of life is predisposed to the very many little ailments that render life a curse, instead of a blessing, and finally result, in their aggregated condition, in the cause of Death.

For Eruptions of the Skin, Scurvy, Scorbutic Affections, Tumors, Scrofula or King's Evil, White Swellings, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Cancers, Running Sores, Scabs and Biles, time and a determined perseverance in Dr. Sweetser's Panacea, will effect a cure.

For Indigestion, Rejection of Food, Nausea, Vomitings, Nervous Affections, Bilious complaints, Headache, Paleness or Female Irregularities, Dr. Sweetser's Panacea will soon effect a cure; but if obstinate, or attended with griping, flying pains, the dose should be increased, and the cure will soon be effected. Let not the patients frighten themselves with the idea that they are too weak to take much medicine; but bear in mind that this mildly operating medicine puts not weakness into the frame, but most certainly draws weakness out, leaves strength in its place, and by giving composed sleep at night, and an appetite to relish any food, reanimates the whole frame with vigorous action, clearing the mind and improving the sight.

In cases of Jaundice, Asthma, Liver Complaints, Tic Doloreux, Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout, Dr. Sweetser's Panacea cannot be too highly extolled; it searches out the very root of the disease, and by removing it from the Blood makes a cure certain and permanent.

For diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Strictures, Gravel, Stone, Piles, Fistula, Urinary Obstructions and Extreme Costiveness, Dr. Sweetser's Panacea is the best remedy ever tried; it removes all those acrimonious humors from the blood, which give rise to the above diseases, and by keeping the blood in a pure condition insures health.

For Dropsy, Falling of the Bowels, Impurities of the Blood, Mercurial Taint, Weakness of the Spine, Flow of Blood to the Head, Giddiness, Singing or Buzzing Noise in the Head and Ears, Dr. Sweetser's Panacea will give certain relief; in all severe and chronic cases the patient cannot be too often reminded that LARGER DOSES and PERSEVERANCE will effect a cure.

In Chills and Fevers, Bilious Fever, Affections of the Eyes and Ears, Spongy and Bleeding Gums, Bronchitis and recent Coughs and Colds, Dr. Sweetser's Panacea will be found perfectly sure and certain in its effects.

DR. SWEETSER'S PANACEA,

Being composed only of vegetable matter, or medical herbs, and warranted, on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age or the weakest frame, under any stage of human suffering; the most pleasant and benign in its operation that was ever offered to the world; and at the same time the most certain in searching out the root of any complaint, however deep, and of performing a cure.

For sale by
T M FLINT, Charlestown;
JOSEPH G HAYS, Harpers-Ferry;
H S FORNEY, Shepherdstown;
DORSEY & BOWLY, Winchester.

For the Ladies.

WE respectfully ask a visit from the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, to examine our stock of Dress and Fancy Goods, which have been selected with such care that we can please the taste of all. In our stock will be found

Beautiful high colored Mouslines,	
Neat figured Cashmeres, Satin-striped do,	
Chameleon Silks,	Visitte Silk,
Sattin deChene,	" Fringes,
French Merinos,	" Gimp and Cords,
Thibet Cloths,	Gala Plaids,
French Ginghams,	Black and col'd Alpaccas,

And many other articles which we will take pleasure in showing. J. K. WOODS & CO.

Cumberland Coal.

SUPERIOR Lump and Smiths' Coal; complete assortment of Hughes' Iron. Always on hand and for sale by F. DUNNINGTON.
Dunnington's Depot, Dec. 14, 1848.

Window Glass.

50 BOXES 8 by 10, 10 by 12, and 12 by 14 Window Glass, for sale by
WOOD & DANNER,
Nov 2. Winchester Depot.

Spellman's Tomato Catsup,

A VERY superior article, for sale by
Dec. 28. T. M. FLINT.

COUNTRY-KNIT SOCKS.—100 pair fine and coarse country-knit Worsted Socks.
Nov. 2. WM. S. LOCK.

TWO second hand RADIATOR STOVES for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Fresh Fruit.

25 BOXES Sicily Oranges;
20 " Lemons;
25 Boxes Bunch Raisins, in layers. For sale, by
A. YOUNG, *Agt.*
Harpers-Ferry, Jan 4, 1848.

POETRY.

GENTLENESS.

BY MRS. HEMANS.

If thou hast crushed a flower,
The root may not be blighted;
If thou hast quenched a lamp,
Once more it may be lighted;
But on thy harp or on thy lute,
The string which thou hast broken,
Shall never in sweet sound again
Give to thy touch a token!

If thou hast loosed a bird,
Whose voice of song could cheer thee,
Still, still he may be won
From the skies to warble near thee;
But if upon the troubled sea
Thou hast thrown a gem unheeded,
Hope not that the wind or wave shall bring
The treasure back when needed!

If thou hast bruised a vine,
The summer's breath is healing,
And its cluster yet may glow
Thro' the leaves their bloom revealing,
But if thou hast a cup o'erthrown,
With a bright draught filled—oh, never
Shall earth give back that lavished wealth
To cool thy parched lip's fever!

The heart is like that cup
If thou waste the love it bore thee,
And like that jewel gone,
Which the deep will not restore thee;
And like that string of harp or lute
Whence the sweet sound is scattered—
Gently, oh, gently touch the cords,
So soon for ever shattered!

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE "TEN LOST TRIBES" OF ISRAEL IN AMERICA.

Major Noah, in an article in the last Sunday Times, is of the opinion that the "ten lost tribes" of Israel were the originators of the cities whose ruins strew Mexico and Central America. He concludes thus from a variety of circumstances, and especially from the fact that all our tribes of Indians, bearing the strongest marks of Asiatic origin, are identified with the Israelites by religious rites.

1. Their belief in one God. 2. In their computation of time by their ceremonies of the new moon. 3. In their division of the year into four seasons. 4. In their erection of a temple, having an ark of the covenant, and also in their erection of altars. 5. By the division of the nation into tribes, with a chief or general sachem at their head. 6. By their laws of sacrifices, ablutions, marriages, ceremonies in war and in peace, prohibition of eating certain things by traditions, history, character, appearance, affinity of their language to the Hebrew, and finally by that everlasting covenant of friendship exhibited in a perpetual transmission of its seal in their flesh, a custom only of late relinquished.

The Phœnicians (Canaanites) had discovered the continent 500 years previous to the migration of the Israelites, and were, it is assumed, the builders of the pyramids of Mexcholula, Otumba, Tlascala, and other cities of which the ruins now excite our astonishment; and also the introducers of hieroglyphics, plenispheres, zodiacs, temples, military roads, viaducts and bridges from Egypt, Tyre, Babylon and Carthage. In the apocryphal book of Edras, of great antiquity, it is said:

"Whereas, thou sawest another peaceable multitude; these are the ten tribes, which were carried away prisoners out of their own land, in the time of Osea, whom Salmanazer, King of Assyria, led away captive, and he carried them over the waters; so they came unto another land.

"They took this counsel among themselves that they would leave the multitude of the *heathen*, and go into a further country, wherein never mankind dwelt, that they might keep their statues, which they never kept in their own land, (Assyria) and there was a great way to go, namely, a year and a half."

According to Major Noah's theory, they marched towards the northeast coast of Asia—some remained in Tartary, and many went into China, where they have been 1,600 years, and are numerous at this day. The main body crossed at Bhering's Straites to our continent, the most hardy keeping to the north, Hudson's Bay and Greenland; the more cultivated passed down on the shores of the Pacific, through California to Mexico, Central America and Peru, where they met their ancient enemies, the Canaanites (Phœnicians) whom, as once before, they dispossessed of the country. Furthermore, it is contended that they resided in California when the ships of Solomon made their three years voyage, and furnished the gold of Ophir to build the temple; also, that they are the settlers and proprietors of Mexico, Peru and the whole American continent, and have been there centuries before the advent of Christianity, and patiently await the promises of redemption.

William Penn, writing of the Indians, said:

"I found them with like countenances to the Hebrew race. I consider these people under a dark night, yet they believe in God and immortality, without the aid of metaphysics. They reckon by moons—they offer feast of tabernacles—they are said to lay their altars with twelve stones—they mourn a year, and observe the Mosaic law with regard to separation."

These facts, with the opinions of McMenzie, Bartram, Beltrame, Smith, Penn, Menassah, Ben Israel, the Earl of Crawford, Lopez de Gamara, Acosta, Maivenda, Major Long, Budinot, and Catlin—all eminent writers and travellers—go to prove that the "ten lost tribes" were the progenitors of the races and ideas found in the New World on its discovery by Columbus. So says Major Noah.

A GOOD STORY, WITH A BETTER ILLUSTRATION.—The Louisville Journal says that a certain Democrat went to Washington to get an office from Mr. Polk just before the Presidential election. Mr. Polk designated an indifferent office which he could give the applicant then, but told him that if he would wait till after the 4th of March, Gen. Cass, who would then undoubtedly be President, could give him something better.—The poor fellow, as his ill luck would have it, *chose to wait till after the 4th of March.*

This reminds us of Pat's dream, continues the editor of that sprightly journal. "I once dreamed," said Pat, "I was with the Pope, and he ax'd me wud I drink? Thinks I, wud a duck swim, and seeing the Innishowen and the lemons and sugar on the sideboard, I told him I didn't care if I tuk a dhrap of punch! *Could or not?* axed the Pope.—*Hot*, yer holiness, I replied, and be that he stepped down to the kitchen for the biling water, but before he got back I woke straight up, and now its disthressing me that I *didn't take it could.*"—*Portsmouth Journal.*

A TOUCHING STORY.

Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Ga., in a recent address at a meeting in Alexandria, for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum and Free School of that city, related the following anecdote:

"A poor little boy in a cold night in June, with no home or roof to shelter his head, no paternal or maternal guardian or guide to protect and direct him, on his way, reached at nightfall the house of a rich planter, who took him in, fed, lodged, and sent him on his way, with his blessing. Those kind attentions cheered his heart and inspired him with fresh courage to battle with the obstacles of life. Years rolled round; Providence led him on; he had reached the legal profession; his host had died; the cormorants that prey on the substance of man had formed a conspiracy to get from the widow her estates. She sent for the nearest counsel to commit her cause to him, and that counsel proved to be the orphan boy years before welcomed and entertained by her deceased husband. The stimulus of a warm and tenacious gratitude was now added to the ordinary motives connected with the profession. He undertook her cause with a will not easily to be resisted; he gained it; the widow's estates were secured to her in perpetuity; and Mr. Stephens added, with an emphasis of emotion that sent its electric thrill throughout the house, "*that orphan boy stands before you.*"

Mr. Stephens is one of the most remarkable men of the day. His history abounds with incidents which, while they illustrate the struggles which unaided genius must encounter in its efforts for distinction and usefulness, at the same time demonstrate the certain success which ever attends true merit and unyielding perseverance. The above sketch by himself, of an incident in his early life, presents in a striking light the deprivations of his boyhood. The rudiments of his education were acquired at what they call in Georgia an old field school. At an early age he was transferred to the Academy; and by the aid of some benevolent friends who had been attracted by his remarkable development of talent of the highest order, he was enabled to enter Franklin College, where he graduated with honor, fully realizing the higest expectations of those who now watched his career with growing interest. It was expected that he would devote himself to the ministry; but it was ultimately determined otherwise. Young Stephens aimed at independence for himself and family. He entered a law office, and in a short time, before he was yet out of his minority, was admitted to practice in the courts, by a special act of the Legislature of Georgia. A few years found him in the first rank of his profession, and one of his first uses of his good fortune was to return, with interest, the favor he had received when in adversity. An ardent Whig, he was elected to represent his county in the State Legislature in both branches of which he there was a vacancy to be filled in the Congressional delegation, and the Whig party, as usual, were called upon to nominate their candidate. Owing to the signal defeat of their party in the general election, which had taken place the previous year, there was an evident reluctance on the part of the prominent men of the party to enter the canvass, and it was doubtless owing to this fact that Mr. Stephens was selected as the candidate. Little hope was entertained of his election, owing to the large democratic majority which was known to exist in the upper section of the State, called the Cherokee country, and his friends consoled themselves in advance with the reflection that it could not hurt a new man to be beaten for Congress.

But Mr. STEPHENS determined not to be beaten, if it was in his power to prevent such a disaster. He immediately set off alone for the Cherokee country, canvassing every county, and addressing the people at every Court House. His opponents, taking the alarm from the accounts which reached them of the success of his efforts, hastened upon his track. One after another of their most popular speakers encountered him, only to be discomfited, and to retire, overwhelmed with mortification at his triumph. The people followed him with enthusiasm—men, women and children thronged to hear "the little wire grass boy," as they called him, and lost their devotion to democracy as they listened to his convincing arguments and impassioned appeals. Many laughable anecdotes are told of his meetings with the hardy mountaineers of upper Georgia. On one occasion an old lady, who had come a great distance to hear him, and had listened to the well-directed eloquence of the boy, as she supposed, until she could restrain her admiration no longer, sprang from her seat, and exclaimed—"Gracious goodness me! if I could only have a boy like that I'd be willin' to die right now!" On another occasion, the democrats, seeing that their speaker was getting the worst of the conflict, endeavored to break up the meeting, and several of them, with canes in their hands, advanced towards the stand where Mr. STEPHENS was then speaking.—"Stop!" shouted an old mountaineer who had been standing by, resting on his double-barrelled buck gun, looking up with a broad grin into the face of the speaker, and giving emphasis to his words by significant winks, nods and jerks of the head—"Stop!" said he, at the same time presenting his gun at the crowd, "Don't one of you lay yer finger on the boy. I'm as good a dimmycrat as any of ye, but I won't see no foul play. He's tellin' you nothing but the truth, and if one of you dares to touch him, I'll let old Betsy loose among you quicker'n you can say Jack Robinson!" The confusion was soon quieted, and Mr. Stephens proceeded with his speech.

Thus in one short month he encountered and defeated nearly all the prominent leaders of the opposite party on their own ground, completely revolutionizing a large section of the State that had always before given an overwhelming democratic vote. The result was the triumphant election of Mr. Stephens to Congress, and Mr. Crawford as Governor of the State.—*Baltimore American.*

☞ Mr. Devereux, of North Carolina, a most accomplished gentleman and farmer, is the largest corn grower in the Union, his crop being largely upwards of 100,000 bushels.

A SIMPLE REMEDY.—A friend states that a very effectual remedy for bowel complaints, is two tea spoonsful of flour mixed with half a tumbler of water, to be taken every two hours. Our informant says that one dose will often check the disease. Try it before you laugh at it.

THE DAHLIAS OF MEXICO AND THE GOLD OF OPHIR.

The New York correspondent of the National Intelligencer indulges in some curious speculations in reference to the identity of California and the ancient Ophir, where the gold diggers of old obtained the immense quantities of gold in the construction of the temple. The writer says:

The London Magazine of Science, of last month, says that in the Travels of Lord Lindsay it is stated, that during his wanderings in Egypt he discovered a mummy, which the hieroglyphics upon it proved to be more than two thousand years old. In one of its closed hands he found a bulbous root, which he carried home and deposited in a sunny soil.—In a few weeks it sprouted, grew, and finally blossomed into a beautiful dahlia. As the dahlia had usually been considered a native only in Mexico and South America, this solitary blossom from the hand of the Egyptian mummy, may, perhaps, be called up as a beautiful witness in corroboration of the idea that the inhabitants of the Old World (as it is called) once had communication with the Western Continent. And granting that question settled in the affirmative, another still lies behind it more difficult perhaps, of solution, viz: was the dahlia originally transferred from Mexico to Egypt, or from Egypt to Mexico? The presumption is, that as Mexico has been the accredited home of the dahlia in modern times, it was also its home in the earlier age of the world.

As a collateral item in reference to the idea of ancient communication between the old world and the new, an argument is raised to show that "the gold of Ophir," of Scripture celebrity, came from California. Major Noah, in his last "Sunday Times," goes into the argument to considerable extent, and infers, from the vast amount of the gold of Ophir used in the construction and ornaments of Solomon's temple, the length of the voyages of the ships which were sent for the gold, and various other considerations, that it was California gold that so wonderfully and magnificently enriched the famous temple of antiquity. The Major states the cost of the temple at upwards of four hundred and fifty millions of pounds sterling—a sum hardly to be compared with any single financial account on record, except the national debt of Great Britain. The ships sent by Solomon and Hiram of Tyre, for the gold treasures of Ophir, required three years to make the voyage, and as the locality of Ophir has not been ascertained, and as the length of the voyage would seem to correspond very well with the distance to California, Major Noah, therefore, concludes that ancient Ophir and modern California are one and the same place. The conclusion does not exactly amount to a geometrical demonstration, but it affords material for curious speculation worth placing by the side of Lord Lindsay's dahlia.

PROSPECTS FOR 1849—INFLUENCE

A new and remarkable element has made its appearance, to excite speculation and stimulate that desire for enterprise which has long lain dormant. We allude to the gold discoveries in the Californian regions. This is by no means the first gold excitement to which our markets have been exposed. In the year 1803, a negro found in North Carolina a lump of gold weighing 27 lbs., worth some $8,000; and since that time many mines have been discovered and worked in Virginia, North Carolinia, South Carolinia, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana. In 1830, nearly as great an excitement prevailed in relation to them, as does now in reference to California. Persons from all quarters crowded into those regions, and the product was then estimated at $5,000,000 per annum.—Gradually, however, hopes failed to be realized. Although the mines became *richer* as they were worked the business was found in the long run less profitable than others.—Hands were withdrawn to cotton fields.—Companies dissolved, and the work was continued only by farmers and others, who dig only when otherwise unemployed. The census gave the number of smelting concerns at 156, and the product for 1839, $529,405.—From 1824 down to 1848, $14,000,000 has been realised from those mines.

The new excitement in California is sustained by official reports, and by the arrival of considerable quantities of gold in this city of great purity, say 22 carats fine. A "carat" is a weight of four grains, used in weighing diamonds, but used in reference to gold, the mass is supposed to weigh 24 carats, 12 grains each, and "22 carats fine" means there are 22 carats of pure gold and 2 carats of alloy, and this 22 carats is about the fineness of our gold coin; or, as expressed in the mint term, 22 carats is 917 thousandths fine.

THE MEDICAL STUDENT.

"You have read sufficiently long, Charles," said an elderly physician of our acquaintance to his student, a youth who had been studying medicine some two years, to commence visiting the sick! "I will take you along with me this morning, and you will have an opportunity of seeing as well as reading the many changes in disease. We have to watch with an eye of much scrutiny and discrimination, in order to enable us more correctly to judge the character and treatment of various cases, than we could possibly learn from reading all the books ever published on the science." And sure enough, off went preceptor and pupil in the daily round of professional visits. The first house they entered was one where a man in a convalescent state, was lounging upon a bed, while his nurse was comfortably seated in a rocking-chair, reading a novel for his amusement.—The doctor approached the bed, and after feeling the pulse of the patient, turned to the nurse and said: "He has been eating oysters! Why did you let him have them?"

The nurse declared most positively that he had not; but on being more closely interrogated, said he only ate two or three. After leaving the house, the student asked the doctor how in the world he could tell that it was oysters he had eaten? "Why, I saw the shells under the bed!" was the reply. The doctor being very busy the next day, sent the student alone to the patient, and upon his return asked how he was? "Ah, he is much worse," said the young disciple; "I think he will die. He has eaten a horse!" "A horse!" vociferated the physician. "Yes, sir, a horse!" "How in the world did you find out that he had eaten a horse?" "Because sir," said the knowing student, "I saw a saddle and bridle under the bed!"

☞ A certain judge in Vermont used to charge the jury, that "things of a doubtful nature were very uncertain."

INDIAN ELOQUENCE.

Kah-ge-ga-bough (Rev. G. Copway) recently addressed the Legislature of Virginia and an assemblage of citizens, at the Court House, Richmond, upon the past, present, and future condition of his race. He proposes that the U. S. Government should set apart a reserve on the head waters of the Missouri, of some sixty square miles, where encouraged by the hope of a permanent home, the remnant of all tribes may devote their attention entirely to agricultural pursuits. The following extract from the Richmond Southerner's report is the concluding passage of his address:

Since I have commenced to address the people of these United States, have spent sleepless nights, with an aching heart, pondering over the blessings which would follow if this end could be attained. Imagination has pictured to me churches and institutions of learning dotting all over the Indian's land. O! if ever the day comes when I shall see the Indian happy in the enjoyment of his peaceful possessions, I shall get my people to raise another monument, in the centre of our nation, on whose dizzy height we will place the figure of a man whose fame, honor and virtues are undying—who emerged from the dark days of the revolution—the man of that age, and now the pride of every American citizen—George Washington. (Applause.) We will rehearse to our children his noble deeds, as one above all others the true model of the world. Yes, our children, imbibing his spirit, one may ascend the hill of attainment, and with something else beside the war club in his hand, he will cut a notch in the end of the eighteenth century, which will illustrate his genius and nobleness to the world! We will raise another, on whose column we will place our benefactor and friend a man with a wide brim hat—the personification of Christianity—the noble and illustrious William Penn. (Applause.) And the heart of the Indian will swell as he views it, as mine leaps with joy at the bare mention of his name. It remains to be seen whether I shall be blessed with success in my mission of mercy, with the Congress of the United States. Should we be so fortunate as to get the co-operation of the government, we shall raise a third, and there place a short, noble, venerable looking man; a man, a patriot, as the man who shaped out the good and true destiny of the American races of this country: I mean Zachary Taylor! (A deafening shout.) I beg of you to receive my warm acknowledgments for your kind attention, and I ask of you to pray to the Great Spirit that the same angel who nursed me in the woods, may guide and shield me while I live.

A SINGULAR MISTAKE.

Burying a Wife and Finding Her Alive.

A most singular circumstance occurred in this city last week, towards the close, that has been the subject of remark among the high officials at the court house, and in several of the churches. The story runs thus:—A young married woman called on the Hon. Judge Saffin of the Court of Common Pleas, for a place in the Hospital, which was, through his kindness, immediately obtained. After remaining there a few days, Mr. Doolittle, the very efficient Steward of the institution, called upon the Judge, stating that the woman for whom he had obtained admission into the Hospital was dead, and said he was seeking information respecting the woman's husband, stating, at the same time, that the woman was a foreigner, and was expecting her husband here; during her watching for him she became sick and destitute and applied as above. Judge Saffin took the trouble to advertise in one of the German papers for the person, and the advertisement had the effect of finding the man early next day, and the sad news of his wife's death was told him. The husband lost no time in repairing to the place where the corpse laid. He kissed her cold lips "that laid death cold in clay," to use the very impressive line of an old nursery ballad, and did the necessary burial, after taking the body to the church, and doing all the necessary ceremonies peculiar to his belief and duty in such cases. The corpse was interred in a respectable burial place, and the husband returned to the Hospital to inquire if there were charges, for which he in honor stood bound. On his return, instead of going to the "Dead Room," as he did in the first instance, he was shown to the "Convalescent Department." What was his astonishment and delight—how his heart leaped with joy—in there *finding his wife*, into whose arms he fell with a wild joyousness, not to be described in a paragraph, or exhibited in a drama! The body that the kind and sad husband had interred, *by mistake*, was that of an unknown and friendless female. The whole world may be canvassed for a more singular incident in vain, and the works of the fictional drama present nothing to rival it.—*Cincinnati Com.*

FREE TRADE—PRICES OF BREADSTUFFS.—The last steamer from Europe reports a farther decline in the prices of breadstuffs.

This result is very different from that which was predicted by the Free Traders, and the sage political economists, who advocated the tariff of '46. We recollect, that Gen. Bayly, in the canvass of '47, assured the good people of tide-water Virginia, that the Free Trade Tariff of '46 would enable them to command about $5 a barrel for their corn, and that Norfolk harbour would be so crowed with square-rigged vessels, that small craft would no more be visible in those waters. The scarcity, which then prevailed in Europe, creating a great demand for corn, prevented his prophecy from being falsified before the election was over. But since June '47, up to this time, corn has not been $5—and now it will scarcely bring $2—although the Tariff of '46 has been all the while, and is still, in full operation.

Wonder if the people of Accomac regard Gen. Bayly as a prophet or a demagogue!
[*Richmond Whig.*

PENNSYLVANIA COMMON SCHOOL SYSTEM.—The annual report of the Superintendent, Townsend Haines, for the past year, shows 7,845 schools in the State and 368,605 scholars, besides 6,931 learning German. Average number in each school 44. Average salaries of male teachers per month $17,37; do. female teachers, $10,65. Cost of teaching each scholar 45¼ cts. Amount of tax levied, $588,690. State appropriation $193,035.

☞ A few weeks since, a good humored Irishman applied to an English merchant to discount a bill of exchange for him at rather a long though not unusual date, and the merchant having casually remarked that the bill had a great many days to run: "That's true," replied the Irishman, "but then you don't consider how short the days are at this time of the year."

DRIESBACH ATTACKED BY A LION.

At the National theatre, Boston, on Tuesday, Herr Driesbach placed a newly imported tiger into a cage with a lion, lioness and tiger, but the lion, it appears, soon got into a fight with the new comer, and at it they went "tooth and nail." The Mail says:

Driesbach ran to quell the fight, with spears and pieces of joist, and at last entered the cage. But his power over the beast was at an end. The lion seized him and threw him down, tore his scalp off his head, and bit him severely on his right arm, which bled profusely. He made his escape from the cage, with his clothes completely torn from his back. Medical aid was called, and from the last accounts we learn his wounds, though extremely painful, are not serious. It was for more than three hours afterwards that the lion was subdued, and rendered obedient to the keepers.

ALLEGED CURE FOR CHOLERA.

Dr. John W. Moore states in a Mobile paper that he cured one hundred or more extreme cases of Cholera, not losing one, by the use of tobacco. He administered it in the form of an enema of the strength of one drachm to a pint.

He first tried it upon a negro whose pulse was gone, his tongue cold, and his muscles so rigid that he rested only on his head and heels. In five minutes he was relieved, and the cure was perfected by drinking a decoction of senna. In his own case, Dr. Moore took into his stomach a spoonful of the decoction, with perfect relief from cramp and diarrhœa. He has no doubt that cholera may be as easily managed as the fevers of our country.

JOHN VAN BUREN'S LAST.—The N. Y. Express sends out the following.—John Van Buren met Mr. Fillmore at the time of his last visit to Albany. "What are you going to do for us, Mr Fillmore, now that you are in office" said the hopeful heir of honor.—"Do for you?" said the Vice President elect, good humoredly, "we shall do nothing—we don't know you." "Gen. Taylor will certainly redeem his pledge to us," said John.—"Pledge! what pledge?" "The one he gave at Buena Vista, not to leave his wounded behind him."

GOLD DUSTINGS.—The Boston Chronotype tells a story of a man who returned home from California, with gold to the amount of sixty-four thousand dollars, which he deposited in one of the mints. He took off his old unmentionables, and was about to throw them away, but his wife, good prudent woman, took them, and with a trifling effort, she shook *twenty-three thousand dollars* worth of gold dust out of them.

GIANTS.—A Quaker giant and giantess from England have arrived at New York, via Boston. Their immense size precluded the possibility of their entrance by any door for accommodation in the freight car.

A TRUE WHIG.—The venerable Jabez I. Warner, of Jericho, whose death is announced under our obituary head, voted

Virginia Free Press.

THURSDAY MORNING.

FEBRUARY 15, 1849.

AN EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

The Administration party are using their very best efforts to stave off the bills providing for governments in California and New Mexico, in order to force Gen. Taylor to call an extra session of Congress; but we trust, that, if such be the design, they will be utterly foiled. The Administration party seem determined to keep open the slavery question, in order to throw the responsibility of its final settlement on Gen. Taylor. Well, be it so—they may repent their folly, when they find he is as great a pacificator as he is a general. He asks no favors, and shrinks from no responsibilities: Yet, at the same time, he, nor his friends will bear the responsibility of an extra session, if the present Administration force such a measure. It will not embarrass him: The Mexican leaders could not; and the "little fish" in power at this time, though they may have the will, scarce have the hardihood to attempt such folly.

No extra session should be held to pass acts which could be readily passed during the present session, if the disposition existed. Were Congress to be called together in May or June next, there would probably be a continuous session of nearly twelve months; for an adjournment would hardly take place much before the next regular time of meeting.

GEN. TAYLOR'S ROUTE.

The President elect arrived in Louisville on the morning of the 11th. He came up the river in a steamboat, which was crowded with passengers. A correspondent states that the General looks well—is enjoying fine health, and looks calm, collected, and unaffected by the pomp and ceremony surrounding him. It was his purpose to remain until Thursday, (to-day,) and then leave for Frankfort. He designs stopping only a few hours at Cincinnati during Friday, and will then proceed direct to Pittsburg where he will remain a short time, and leave probably on Monday, en route for Washington.

Should the President leave Wheeling on Monday, he will pass Harpers-Ferry some day early in the next week. We shall doubtless be apprised of his arrival in Cumberland, by telegraph, and know to a certainty, the day he will pass through Jefferson.

The popular enthusiasm aroused by Gen. Taylor's presence, seems to know no bounds, and entirely overleaps all distinctions of party. Whig and Democrat, old and young, men, women and children, are carried away by a perfect torrent of enthusiasm, as they hail the glorious old chief whose heroic virtues have made his name immortal, but whose modesty has hitherto led him to avoid the public eye and cling to the retirement of his home.

There is a profound admiration, confidence and respect for Old Zack among all classes of Americans, and, wherever he moves, it will be shown in the most unmistakable manner.

MR. FAULKNER'S REPORT.

We regret that the length of this document, with other matter pressing upon our columns, precludes its insertion at this time.

The Report contains—a recital of the Constitutional provisions on the subject—the law of Congress—decisions of the Supreme Court—and the legislation of some of the Northern States, adverse to the rights of the Slaveholding States. It is remarked, in the mild but expressive language of the chief justice of the United States, "the act of Congress of 1793 scarcely deserves the name of a remedy."

The Committee suggest certain amendments to the law of 1793, and conclude their Report by recommending the following resolutions:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Virginia, That the Senators and Representatives of this State in the Congress of the United States, be requested to use their earnest and persevering efforts to have the rights of the Slaveholding States. It is remarked, in the mild but expressive language of the chief justice of the United States, "the act of Congress of 1793 scarcely deserves the name of a remedy."

The Committee suggest certain amendments to the law of 1793, and conclude their Report by recommending the following resolutions:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Virginia, That the Senators and Representatives of this State in the Congress of the United States, be requested to use their earnest and persevering efforts to have owners in the South, the rights guaranteed to them by the 3d clause, 2d section and 4th article of the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved, That the Governor of this commonwealth be, and he is hereby requested to forward to each of our Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, and also to the Governors of the several States of the Union, a copy of this report and resolutions.

MR. THOMSON'S REVILERS.

We referred last week to the eagerness with which the "Spirit of Jefferson," professing "esteem," too, transferred to its columns a miserable carricature of Mr. Thomson and his speech on the subject of the Wilmot Proviso Resolutions, from the Richmond Examiner—a carricature which the speech itself shows exhibited more of malignity than wit. It is habitual with the Examiner to attempt ridicule when it is at a loss for argument.

That our readers may see how little value is to be placed upon the opinions of that paper, and how reckless it is in the business of disparagement, we copy from a late number the following specimen of wholesale and unprovoked detraction. In an article upon the advantages of a Rail Road to the South West, the Examiner urges that it is necessary to keep the State together, and wantonly assumes that the people of the "North West and Central West" are disloyal—that they are, in short, a mongrel race, and not descended from the great families of the State, as the people of the South West are—from "the Prestons, the McDowells the Campbells, the Floyds, the Kents, the Clords, the Edmondsons, the Crocketts, the Triggs, the McGavocks, and the Bowers." It was, we suppose, because Mr. Thomson is not descended from any of these, and because he was in a small minority, uttering his sentiments as a freeman, that he was maligned, and the abuse echoed by the "Spirit."

But we give the extract itself, and ask our readers to say whether their delegate can lose respect with them, in consequence of disparagement from such a source.

"But (says the Examiner) the great excellence and beauty of the Southwestern road will be that it will bind together forever Eastern and Western Virginia. In the northwest of the State there is a deeply seated and widely pervading desire to separate from our venerable Commonwealth, and to form a free State of the portion west of the Blue Ridge.—Those who have not visited that country of late have little idea of the extent of this feeling. The feeling is natural and easily accounted for. The people of the northwest and central-west are emigrants and descendants of emigrants from Pennsylvania and other northern States—Germany and a thousand other regions. They are a population hardy, industrious and valuable indeed, but heterogeneous, having no *State* pride, none of the *old* Virginia spirit, no feelings or sympathies in common with our southern people. (There are many glorious exceptions to the general remark of course—we speak of the mass of the population.) And if the same were true of the Southwestern people, a division of the State, if no channel of commerce be opened, would soon result as a matter of course if not of necessity. But the people of the Southwest—of all that country South of the James and West of the Ridge as well as Rockbridge and Augusta, are our own people—bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh. They are our kinsmen—the descendants of our ancestors—whose progenitors were soldiers of Washington—many of them his nearest and most trusted friends."

P. S. The Examiner, finding the whole North West indignant at the unjust and illiberal aspersions in the foregoing paragraph, has made an apology for the insult, which makes the matter worse. It says the article was not written by the Editor, but by a correspondent, and was adopted as *editorial*, without even examining the proof! We suppose if the same reason existed for the disclaimer, Mr. Thomson would receive an apology too—but he is in a minority—is a Whig—and therefore, there is no motive for doing him justice. The "Spirit" may rest assured, however, that the shafts aimed at Mr. T. have done him no harm among his fellow members—nor has its repetition of the insult injured him among his constituents.

ALARM OF FIRE.

There were several alarms of fire in town on Monday night, produced by chimneys, being in full blaze. The night was windy, and a fire would have been disastrous. Let each housekeeper "barn out" the chimneys in his house on the next rainy day, and we shall have a sure guarantee, of no more alarms by their taking fire at night.

SERIOUS LOSS BY FIRE.

The fine large Barn on the farm of GEORGE W. TUCKER, Esq., about seven miles from Charlestown, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night last. Some three or four hundred bushels of wheat, together with Wheat Fans and other agricultural implements were destroyed. The barn was one of the finest in the county, and the loss is estimated at between two and three thousand dollars. It was doubtless the work of an incendiary, as the fire occurred about 10 o'clock at night. It was seen distinctly in town, and several gentlemen repaired to the place with all possible haste.

The insurance policy on this property expired on the 25th of December, so that it is a total loss to Mr. T. Those who are negligent, or think it of little consequence to insure their property, should improve on this loss, and take speedy measures for securing themselves against the devouring element.

Mr. J. J. MILLER acts as Agent for one of the most reliable Insurance Companies in the Union, and those having property will do well to pay a small per cent., in order to indemnify themselves against all possible loss in this way.

THE TAX BILL.

The new provision engrafted by the House, to tax household furniture not otherwise taxed, for the purpose of extending the right of suffrage, was struck out of the Tax Bill in the Senate.

MR. THOMSON'S SPEECH.

The speech delivered in the House of Delegates by JOHN A. THOMSON, Esq., on the Virginia Resolutions in regard to slavery, will be published next week.

FROM THE GOLD REGION.

Advices have been received up to the 25th of December from San Francisco. Mr. Folsom, in his letter, represents society in a most horrid state, there being frequent murders and robberies. The gold mines, he says, continue to be as rich as before, although the rainy season has caused many to suspend operations. It is estimated that $4,000,000 of gold have been taken from the mines. Another writer, under date of the 6th November says:

"Many of the gold diggers are returning from the mines, sick and exhausted, owing to their irregular modes of living. Some are deprived of the ordinary comforts of life, while they make use of their hard earnings for their pillows, done up in dirty rags of from one to ten pounds each. Some die in this way; two died yesterday, and two more to-day.

If I should live to get home again, I will give you an account of the trouble and vexation I have had with runaway sailors and soldiers."

THE EXTRA SESSION.

The Senate, after some debate, adopted the Resolution from the House, for an Extra Session, to be commenced on the 28th of May. The subject was very maturely considered, and it was agreed that it was impossible to transact the ordinary business of the regular session, and finish the Revision of the Civil Code.

When the body meets in May, it will have but this one engrossing subject, and then every member can give his mind to it understandingly, and free from the cares that usually interfere with calm reflection.

A NEW TURNPIKE.

Mr. White, one of the efficient Delegates from Loudoun, has had a bill reported by the Committee of Roads to the House of Delegates for incorporating a company to construct a Turnpike Road from Hillsborough to Harpers-Ferry. Such a road would prove very important to a large portion of the people of Loudoun. We therefore trust the Legislature will not only grant an act for the construction of the Road, but also subscribe to it liberally.

NEW YORK SENATOR.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward was on Tuesday week elected United States Senator from the State of New York, for six years from the fourth of March next, in the place of John A. Dix.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

The steamer NIAGARA, from Liverpool on the 27th ultimo, arrived at Boston on Monday.

American wheat, bonded, is selling at 6s 3da7s 1d per 70 lbs.

The Provision market is dull and heavy, and prices have a downward tendency.

A great battle has taken place in India, between the English and natives, which resulted in a total and overwhelming defeat, with a great loss of life on the part of the latter.

The news from Paris is highly important. The question as to the dissolution of the French National Assembly has been put to the test, and carried, and that body is declared to be dissolved.

The country, however, is quiet, though the future is looked to with fear and trembling by many of her far-seeing citizens.

Intelligence reached Liverpool on the 11th, that several steamers were preparing at Toulon, with orders to sail without a moment's delay to Brussels and Chesbourg. Rumor ascribes these demonstrations as indicating an armed intervention in favor of the Pope.

The steamers were adapted to carry from 7,000 to 10,000 men. At the latest moment no orders for their sailing had been received.

An uneasy state of feeling had grown out of this matter. Forty thousand muskets had been ordered from the manufacturers at St. Etienne.

The red republicans were making great preparations at Lyons, and were engaged in casting musket balls and providing gun powder for a stand up fight in their resistance to the revolutionary party in the Assembly.

AWFUL AND AFFLICTING EVENT.

The business of the House of Delegates was yesterday brought to a close about half past one o'clock, by an awful dispensation of Providence, which overwhelmed the members with grief.

Col. JOHN W. THOMPSON of Botetourt was on the floor, advocating a bill for the establishment of a Branch Bank at Fincastle. Having filled the blanks in the bill, he was asked by Mr. Cook of Roanoke to let it lie on the table until the next day, but Mr. T. declined to accede to the proposition, preferring to make his statement at that time.

Suddenly, after speaking a few minutes, he sunk in his chair, with his head on his desk, and called for water. This was instantly brought, but he could not swallow it—and, after an ineffectual effort by Dr. Yerby to bleed him, his spirit took its flight.

We have rarely witnessed an event so deeply and solemnly affecting, and so full of admonition to the survivers. Col. Thompson had been in his usual good health, with the exception of a few days' slight indisposition, and was in the active discharge of his duties, with a prospect of speedy recovery.

This estimable gentleman was aged about 54, of a fine flow of spirits, and greatly beloved by his associates in the Legislature. As a public man, he was most assiduous and attentive, and no constituency ever had a truer representative. At home, among his neighbors, he was greatly beloved—and if human sympathy can alleviate the pangs of his family from this sudden bereavement, they will have a responsive throb from every heart.

The remains of Col. Thompson are to be conveyed to his residence in Botetourt, under the charge of a committee, who will set out this morning. Melancholy duty!

The Senate also adjourned, upon the announcement of this impressive dispensation.

[*Richmond Republican.*

OHIO U. S. SENATOR.—As there is a tie in the legislature between the whigs and democrats, it is supposed no Senator will be elected this winter. Mr. Chase, a free soiler, may slip in, in case a ballot takes place.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.

GILES COOKE, Esq., of Warren, and JAMES P. RIXLEY, Esq., of Winchester, are spoken of in communications in the "Spirit of Jefferson," in connection with a seat in Congress from this District.

The Convention of the Democracy will meet at Winchester on the 22d, and decide on the favorite. Mr. Bedinger has all the chances of receiving the nomination, though his opponents are arming themselves to the teeth with arguments and reasons for setting him aside.

Dr. C. MCCORMICK of Clarke, and RICHARD BYRD, Esq., of Frederick, are Mr. Bedinger's most formidable adversaries. The votes of Warren and Page are all very well in their place, but then, says the friends of other aspirants, they have no business with a member of Congress: They have no man to fill such a station. In point of fact, the Democracy of Warren and Page, are, to Jefferson, mere "hewers of wood and drawers of water." The Young Democracy of Jefferson pat them on the back all the while, and cry bravo, to the menial-like support they give *their* candidate, but they must never be seized with the delusive notion that they have a man among their own mountain fastnesses qualified to take a seat in the halls of the national legislature!

THE SPRING CANVASS.

We observe a communication in the "Spirit," nominating R. HUNE BUTCHER, Esq., as a Democratic candidate for a seat in the House of Delegates.—Mr. B. is a handsome speaker, ready debater, and withal, a most agreeable gentleman, but the Whigs of Jefferson have those of their own "kith and kin," in political matters, to represent them abroad.

The Whigs have an evidence already, of the movements of their opponents, and it behooves them to move cautiously and unitedly in making their nominations for the House of Delegates.

It is generally understood that Mr. WORTHINGTON will consent again to represent the people of Jefferson. From Mr. THOMSON, we have no advices.

In accordance with the usages of the party, a Whig County Convention will doubtless be held on the first day of the March Court.

THE CALIFORNIA COMPANY.

BENJ. F. WASHINGTON, Esq., was chosen, on Saturday last, President of the Charlestown (Va.) Mining Company. His nomination to that office was concurred in unanimously, being an evidence of the esteem, and confidence reposed in him, by those engaged in the enterprise. Mr. W. possesses every requisite qualification for the arduous duties of his office, and will leave his native county with the best wishes, for success and prosperity, of all who know him.

The Company embraces in its numbers men of wealth, enterprise and character, and enters the field of competition with every augury of success.

FUGITIVE SLAVE BILL.

The bill introduced by Mr. Faulkner in the House of Delegates, is highly commended for its ability and legal clearness. The Richmond correspondent of Fredericksburg News writes under date of the 6th, as follows:

To-day, Mr. F's Report on the subject of fugitive slaves—a most powerful paper, and one that ought to be circulated from one end of this Republic to the other, and read and pondered on by every sincere friend of the Union,—to-day Mr. F's report came up as the order of the day, when its distinguished author, in vindication of its positions, made an exposition of his subject, and addressed an appeal to the House, which ought to have sunk deep into the heart of every man who has a Southern sympathy, or who venerates the Constitution of his country, and truly loves the Union. After hearing him I could not but deeply regret that Mr. F. had not expressed his views on the occasion of the discussion of the Wilmot Proviso Resolutions.

I shall not attempt even a sketch of his eloquent and noble speech, hoping that Mr. F. will immediately write it out and furnish it for this vital question of Southern merits and Southern safety, we may catch from the fervid spirit of this gallant and gifted son of Virginia, an inspiration which shall warm us up to a proper state of sentiment and feeling on this important subject.

THE PRIZE FIGHT.

We learn from the Baltimore papers that the much talked of, disgraceful, and inhuman prize fight, took place about 5 o'clock on Wednesday week, in Kent County, Md., between Thomas Hyer and Thomas Sullivan. After a severe contest, lasting between twenty and thirty minutes, Hyer was declared the victor. The police of Baltimore have been, and still are, actively engaged in endeavoring to arrest all parties concerned. Two of the seconds have been arrested, and are now in jail, in default of bail.

The two principals have also been arrested, and we trust the law will be fully vindicated, by sending all engaged, on a tour of service in the Penitentiary.

☞ THOMAS H. TOWNER, Esq., of the "Unterrified Precinct" will be supported for a seat in the Legislature of Virginia, by

MANY VOTERS.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The President sent a Message into Congress on the 8th, in reply to the call for the secret history of the Mexican Treaty and the Protocol. The message was read and ordered to be printed. It is a petty fogging argument to show that the Protocol, which the President admits was drawn, signed and transmitted to him, had no bearing at all upon the Treaty; that it did not change or alter it, and consequently that he did not deem it necessary to transmit the paper, a mere memorandum of a convention which took place between our Commissioners and the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, to the Senate!

In the Senate, on Monday, Mr. Davis, of Mass, introduced a resolution of inquiry, as to whether the pension laws relating to persons who have served in the war with Mexico, required amendment, so as to render their application more equal. Adopted.

In the House, the resolution to pay John M. Botts his pay during the period of the 25th Congress that he was engaged in contesting the seat of John W. Jones, was, after debate, passed.

Mr. Thompson, of Pennsylvania, introduced a preamble and resolution to expunge the words from the joint resolution of thanks to General Taylor, passed at last session, declaring that the war with Mexico "was unnecessarily and unconstitutionally began by the President of the United States." Lies over.

Mr. Smith, of Connecticut, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a bill to establish a commission to settle the claims provided for under the treaty of peace with Mexico. Read twice.

A Bill making provision for the widows and orphans of officers, non commissioned officers, musicians and privates, who may die of diseases contracted during the war in Mexico, was passed.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, on motion of Mr. Jefferson Davis, the bill granting five years half pay to the widows of officers, soldiers, and musicians, volunteers as well as regulars, was taken up and passed.

The House took up the bill from the Senate, granting the right of way across the public lands and to dispose of said lands in aid of the several States, in the construction of roads and canals.

After debate, the House adjourned.

DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES.—Our townsman, Benjamin S. Lyeth, after a competent course of instruction at the Plumbe Daguerrian Gallery, has established a gallery in Martinsburg. Mr. Lyeth has succeeded in taking some of the most striking likenesses we have ever seen. A group of our personal friends and companions was yesterday taken by Mr. L. and the picture is exciting the admiration of the whole population of our town.

[*Gazette.*

ACQUITTED.—James Stewart of Alexandria, charged with killing John T. Jefferson, has been discharged from custody, on the ground that he acted in self-defence.

RICHMOND CORRESPONDENCE.

RICHMOND, Feb. 10, 1849.

Among the local matters of the week, there were but few of interest to your immediate region.

The order of the day for *Tuesday*, was Mr. Faulkner's Report from a Select Committee on the subject of the ineffective existing legislation for the recovery of fugitive slaves. Mr. F. addressed the House, in support of the Report, which contained several recommendations to be made to Congress, for the better enforcement of Southern rights. The resolutions accompanying the Report, were unanimously adopted, as follows:

1. *Resolved by the General Assembly of Virginia*, That the Senators and Representatives of this State in the Congress of the United States, be requested to use their earnest and persevering efforts, to have the act passed on the 12th of February 1793, so amended, as more effectually to secure to the slave owners in the South, the rights guaranteed to them by the 3d clause, 2d section and 4th article of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That the Governor of this Commonwealth be, and he is hereby requested to forward to each of our Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, and also to the Governors of the several States of the Union, a copy of this report and resolutions.

Mr. Paxton submitted a substitute for the Lynchburg and Tennessee Rail Road bill, proposing Salem in Roanoke as a point, with one stem to Buchanan and one to Lynchburg.

A bill was passed, changing the place of holding the precinct election at Middleway in Jefferson.

A bill was passed, allowing Harry Parker, a free man of color, to remain in the County of Loudoun.

In the SENATE, on *Wednesday*, the Tax bill was considered, and the clause imposing a tax of ten cents on household furniture, for the purpose of extending the right of suffrage, was stricken out—ayes 16, noes 9.

In the House, Mr. Scott reported a bill to authorize the Supreme Court of Appeals to issue writs of mandamus.

Judge Robertson had declined to enter up a decree of the Special Court of Appeals, on the ground of the unconstitutionality of the law constituting that Court, and this will bring the question to a test.

A bill was passed, appropriating $16,000 to the repair of the buildings belonging to the Virginia Military Institute.

The two Houses this day re-elected JOHN F. WILBY, Esq., as Councillor of State for three years from the 31st of March next.

On *Thursday*, Mr. Worthington, from the Committee of Courts of Justice, presented reports adverse to the expediency of extending the time of limitation of merchants' accounts—and of amending the act authorizing constables to require indemnifying bonds.

Among the bills reported, were the following: A bill to incorporate the Hampshire & Morgan Turnpike Company; and a bill to incorporate the Williamsport Turnpike Company.

A resolution was passed, to press upon the government of the United States the propriety of providing for the satisfaction of Virginia Military Land Warrants.

Eleven petitions were presented, and six bills passed—among them, one to charge upon the Treasury the annual appropriation to the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum.

A Solemn Pause.

The business of the House was brought to a solemn close by the sudden death of Mr. John W. Thompson of Bottetourt. Mr. T. was advocating the establishment of a Branch Bank at Fincastle, when he faltered, sunk in his seat, and was dead in five minutes. The members were overwhelmed with awe, and the House adjourned at about half past one o'clock.

On *Friday*, the scenes in both Houses were solemn and impressive. In the Senate, Mr. Kinney offered resolutions of respect and condolence to the memory of the late Mr. Thompson, and he and Messrs. Bailee and Stringer, made affecting and appropriate speeches.

In the House, Mr. Cook of Roanoke offered the usual resolutions of respect, accompanied by a feeling and eloquent speech—and was followed by tributes.

Committees were appointed to accompany the corpse to the residence of the family in Bottetourt.

The prayer of the Rev. Mr. GAGE, on the occasion, was most eloquent and appropriate.

The two House immediately adjourned.

On *Saturday*, the Senate further discussed the Tax bill, but did not take the vote.

In the House, Ex-Governor Smith sent a reply to the communication of Judge Baker, on the subject of the pardon of Hunter Hill.

Mr. Wood reported on the contested election from Buckingham, confirming George W. Kyle, Esq., (Whig) in his seat.

Mr. Scott made a report on the pardon of John I. Johnston, (and reported a bill to restrict the pardoning power. Five thousand copies of the Report were ordered to be printed.

Many new subjects of enquiry were introduced, principally of a local character.

The bill concerning bail in civil cases occupied some time in debate, and was ordered to be engrossed. It purposes to dispense with bail *as of right*, and only allows it to be taken in cases properly made out.

Two bills were passed; one providing for the relinquishment of dower in the estate of lunatics—and one authorizing in certain cases the transfer or removal of money or other personal property from the State.

The Senate was engaged on the Tax bill, but did not get through with it.

That body has agreed to the Resolution for an Extra Session on the 28th of May, to finish the Revisal of the Civil Code.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Patriot.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2, 1849.

Mr. Giddings, the great gun of the Abolitionists, is in high feather just now, on account of a petition to Congress from a Mrs. Mary Johnson, somewhere in the State of New York. She represents that her husband was in our army in Mexico—that he deserted to the enemy—that he was captured and brought back—that Gen. Taylor would not allow him to remain, but sent him off—that he is lost to her, in consequence, if not to the world—and that as Congress is paying for negroes lost in a similar way, as in the Pacheco case, and as she considers one white man worth two negroes, she prays to be paid two thousand dollars, (double the sum paid for Pacheco's Lewis,) for the lost husband!

"Mary Johnsing are a case,
And so are Sally Tompsing,
General Jackson are a horse,
And so are Colonel Johnsing."

ARRIVAL OF GEN. TAYLOR'S FAMILY.—Col. Bliss and lady, and the lady of the President elect, arrived in this city last evening, from the South. Col. Bliss and lady, we believe, contemplate making a flying visit to New York, while Mrs. Taylor will remain in this city, for some weeks, at the residence of Mrs. Grahame, in Saratoga street.—*Balt. Clip.*

VIRGINIA COUNTERFEITS.—The Wheeling Gazette notices a new counterfeit $10 bill on the North Western Bank of Virginia.—It is poorly executed and easily detected.

☞ The Rev. Thomas H. Stockton is spoken of in connection with the Presidency of the Miami University.

KISSING BY TELEGRAPH.—A man was found at Trenton the other day mounted on a ladder, with his lips pressed to the telegraph wires. He was kissing his wife in Philadelphia "by telegraph." It was found afterwards that he was a newly married man.

NEW COIN PROPOSED.—Mr. Hinkele, of Baltimore, proposes the issue of a *seven* cent coin, for reason that the present Federal coin makes no other number than those that end in a 5 or an 0. But by the addition of a 7 cent piece all other numbers may be formed. The suggestion seems to be a good one, and we see of no reason against the issue of so useful a coin.

CHARLESTOWN (Va.) MINING COMPANY.

This Company is now fully organized, the members having paid in their first instalment, $110, on Saturday, and elected the respective officers of the Company.

On account of the earnest appeals of several applicants, the membership was increased to seventy, and yet many who applied were unsuccessful, on account of the limited number to be chosen.

The officers of the Company are competent we believe to discharge their duty in every respect. The best feeling was evinced in the meeting in the selection—there being rather a desire manifested to be without than with office. The responsibilities are of great moment, whilst the practical benefits of an office are of little consequence, as all are required to do the same duties and subjected to the same routine of duty.

The sum of $7,700 was paid into the Treasury on Saturday, and a Committee appointed to proceed to the East to make the necessary purchases—the Committee will leave, probably, on Saturday.

The balance of the money, due by the members, $13,300, is required to be paid on the first Saturday in March next, and a Committee will then leave to make purchases in the West.

The organization is complete, and the prospects of the Company quite flattering. They will engage in the enterprise with many advantages and under much more favorable circumstances than the generality of companies.

The following are the officers of the Company:

President—BENJ. F. WASHINGTON.
1st Commander—ROBERT H. KEELING.
2d do. SMITH CRANE.
3d do. JOS. E. N. LEWIS.
Treasurer—E. M. AISQUITH.
Quartermaster—N. SEEVERS.
Secretary—J. HARRISON KELLY.

Dr. W. BAYARLY of Baltimore, was unanimously chosen as Surgeon of the Company.

Mr. KEELING has seen some service as a Lieutenant in the Mexican war, and is affable and agreeable in his manners, and pronounced one among the best officers in the late Virginia Regiment.

Dr. BRYARLY is spoken of as a Surgeon of eminence, having had considerable experience during the late Mexican war.

The other officers are gentlemen well known in our community—who have the respect and esteem of the public, and in every way entitled to the honorable posts to which they have been elected.

The Board of Directors consists of the President, 3 Commanders, Treasurer, Quartermaster, and Secretary.

CHARLESTOWN MINING COMPANY.

The members of the Charlestown (Va.) Mining Company met at Odd Fellows' Hall, on Saturday, the 10th instant, when B. F. WASHINGTON was called to the Chair, and N. SEEVERS appointed Secretary.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to receive the first instalment of the members.

The following gentlemen were appointed:—Messrs. N. Seevers, Jas. H. Moore, and James McCurdy.

The Constitution was then read and the Roll called by Mr. J. HARRISON KELLY, and there appearing a small number who failed to attend with the first payment—on motion, the Committee were directed to fill the vacancies.

Subsequently, on motion of Mr. J. H. KELLY, the membership was increased to seventy, and the following gentlemen were then reported as members, who appeared and made payment of the first instalment, $110.

1	B. F. Washington,	37	Asa Clevinger,
3	Smith Crane,	38	Milton Ferrill,
4	J. Harrison Kelly,	39	Charles A. Hayden,
5	Daniel Cockrell,	40	James Davidson,
6	Thornton C Bradley,	41	John H. Garnhart,
7	James B. Small,	42	Thomas C. Moore,
8	James H. Moore,	43	John S. Showers,
9	Joseph Engle,	44	Vincent E. Geiger,
10	Edwin A. Riely,	45	Joseph C. Davis,
11	James McCurdy,	46	Nathaniel Seevers,
12	J. Ths. Humphreys,	47	Isaac Keys Strider,
13	John Moore, Jr.,	48	Daniel Fagan,
14	Walter J. Burwell,	49	A. J. Marmaduke,
15	Geo W. Comegys,	50	Andrew R. Miller,
16	T. F. Washington,	51	Enos Daugherty,
17	John W. Gallaher,	52	Elisha Lock,
18	H. C. Harrison,	53	Chas. Cunningham,
19	Charles F. Slagle,	54	Geo. Cunningham,
20	John T. Boley,	55	Jas. Cunningham,
21	Jacob Bender,	56	John Allen,
22	John C. Walpert,	57	Charles G. Thomas,
23	Jacob H. Engle,	58	G. C. Stonebraker,
24	Morgan Miller,	59	Taliaferro Milton,
25	Jos. E. N. Lewis,	60	John Wm. Bowers,
26	Henry H. Moore,	61	Joseph C. Young,
27	Andrew Wagner,	62	Edward Hooper,
28	Benj'n Hoffman,	63	Robert E. Keeling,
29	Samuel Davidson,	64	Benj. F. Seevers,
30	Elisha Rohrer,	65	Wm. H. Mackaran,
31	John Purcell,	66	George Marshall,
32	P. B. Showman,	67	John M. Lupton,
33	F. W. Duke,	68	Francis R. Simpson,
34	Jesse A. Strider,	69	R. M. Blakemore,
35	John T. Poland,	70	Hugh Conway.

The Constitution was then taken up, and, on motion, the 20th Article was concurred in.

An election of officers was then held, which resulted as follows:

President—BENJ. F. WASHINGTON, of Jefferson.
1st Commander—ROBT. H. KEELING, Richmond.
2d do. SMITH CRANE, of Jefferson.
3d do. JOS. E. N. LEWIS, do.
Treasurer—E. M. AISQUITH, do.
Quartermaster—NATHAMIEL SEEVERS, do.
Secretary—J. HARRISON KELLY, do.

On motion of B. F. WASHINGTON, Esq., it was—

Resolved, That Dr. W. BRYARLY, of Baltimore, be invited to take charge of the sanatory department, on the terms proposed, and that he be considered as the Surgeon of this Company.

On motion of Mr. J. H. KELLY, it was—

Resolved, That Saturday, the 3d of March, be designated as the time for the next meeting of the Company.

On motion of Mr. JAMES H. MOORE, it was—

Resolved, That the sum of $190—the balance of the $300—be then paid in by each member.

On motion [illegible] was—

Resolved, That 30 rifles and 40 double-barreled shot guns be purchased for the use of the Company.

On motion of Mr. N. SEEVERS, it was—

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon Mr. Penman, of Frederick county, Va., to obtain information in regard to mining, &c.

The Chair appointed as said committee: Messrs. N. Seevers, J. H. Kelly, and Jas. B. Small.

On motion, the following committee was appointed to procure supplies in the West: Messrs. Jas. McCurdy, N. Seevers, Daniel Cockrell, Jas. H. Moore, and John W. Gallaher.

Committee to procure supplies East: Messrs. B. F. Washington, N. Seevers, and E. M. Aisquith.

On motion, it was—

Resolved, That any member having a rifle or double-barreled shot gun, who may be desirous of taking the same with him, shall send it for inspection to the Board by Thursday, the 15th inst.

On motion, the meeting adjourned till Saturday, the 3d of March.

[*Signed by the Officers.*

RETURNED.

Mr. RICHARD D. DORAN, a merchant of Harpers-Ferry, whose mysterious disappearance some few years since has been a matter of newspaper comment, returned to his former home on Saturday last. He has been spending most of his time in Glasgow, Scotland. It is a singular case, and will produce some strange judicial proceedings. Supposing that he had either died, or been murdered in Philadelphia, his estate, being a very considerable one, had passed into the hands of Administrators, and we presume entirely settled so far as the agents of the Court were concerned, leaving a large surplus just in process of distribution among his legal representatives.—*Spirit.*

CONSTITUTION
OF THE
Charlestown Va. Mining Company.

ARTICLE I.

Object and Title of Association.

SECTION 1. The members of this Association have united in organization and do hereby acknowledge and recognize a joint Co-Partnership, for the purpose of proceeding to the Territory of California, to acquire Gold and other valuable minerals, by mining, &c., and to better their pecuniary condition in the most practicable and laudable manner.

SECTION 2. The name and style of this Co-partnership shall be "The Charlestown (Va.) Mining Company."

ARTICLE II.

Period of Organization.

SECT. 1. The Company shall continue its Co-partnership for and during the time, from 10th of February 1849 to 1st of April 1856.

SECT. 2. The Company may, after the 1st of April 1850, re-organize, for such period as may be deemed practicable: Nevertheless, nothing in this shall be construed as binding on those to remain and continue in the co-partnership, who may be members at the expiration of the original co-partnership, April 1st, 1850.

ARTICLE III.

Officers of the Company.

SECT. 1. The Officers of the Company shall be a President, and three Commanders—known as 1st, 2nd, and 3d, and rank accordingly—a Treasurer, Quarter Master, and a Secretary, who shall be chosen by the Board, and serve as one of its members.

SECT. 2. The Officers of the Company shall constitute a Board of Directors, for the general and supreme regulation and government of the Company—in all cases unprovided for in this Constitution.

ARTICLE IV.

Duties of the President.

SECT. 1. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors, and decide all questions of order.

SECT. 2. He shall appoint all Committees to carry out the views of the Company or Board of Directors.

SECT. 3. He shall draw all drafts on the Treasurer after the Board of Directors shall have passed upon and ordered such disbursement.

SECT. 4. At the "Diggings," he shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Board of Directors, divide and sub-divide the Company into such parties as may be deemed practicable, and give such general instruction or direction as may be deemed advisable.

SECT. 5. The President shall be considered as the General Commander of the Company, except at such times—either on the route to California, or after arrival—as the Board of Directors may deem it advisable to place the Company under military discipline—at which time his authority shall be temporarily suspended.

SECT. 6. In case of a sudden attack, or other emergency, the President shall, immediately, resign, temporarily, into the hands of the Commanders, the control and arrangement of the Company for attack or defence.

ARTICLE V.

Duties of the 1st Commander.

SECT. 1. The 1st Commander or Captain shall be the medium through which the military orders of the Board of Directors shall be carried into effect.

SECT. 2. The 1st Commander shall have entire and complete control, in any such emergency as to prepare for an attack or to act on the defensive.

SECT. 3. The 1st Commander shall, when invested with command on the route, appoint such guard, and so officered, as his judgment may dictate.

SECT. 4. The 1st Commander shall preside at all meetings of the Board in the absence of the President—and may be called to the Chair temporarily.

ARTICLE VI.

Duties of the 2d and 3d Commanders.

SECT. 1. In the absence of the 1st Commander, the 2d Commander or 1st Lieutenant shall assume his functions of Office, and be fully invested with all the powers delegated to the 1st Commander.

SECT. 2. The 3d Commander or 2d Lieutenant is vested with authority to assume command in the absence of the 1st and 2d Commanders—if the Company shall be under military discipline.

SECT. 3. The 1st and 2d Lieutenants shall assist the Captain according to their several ranks when the Company shall be under military duty.

ARTICLE VII.

Duty of the Secretary.

The Secretary shall keep exact and plain minutes of the proceedings of the Board as well as that of the Company, when in general meeting assembled.

ARTICLE VIII.

Duties of Treasurer.

SECT. 1. The Treasurer shall receive all monies or mineral substances, or other valuables, and receipt therefor to the President.

SECT. 2. He shall keep an exact and true account of all money or mineral substance, or other valuable, which shall have been paid into his hands, in a book which shall be provided for that purpose, as also a book in which shall be entered all sums that may have been disbursed.

SECT. 3. He shall make no disbursements unless authorized so to do by the Board of Directors, attested by the order of the President.

SECT. 4. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to receive from each member and detachment who may have been engaged in mining, washing, or otherwise, in acquiring gold, or other valuable substance, at the close of each day—or the earliest practicable period thereafter—all, and every valuable mineral, of whatsoever quality, gold, &c., of which said member or detachment shall have become possessed.

SECT. 5. The Treasurer shall keep the joint funds of the Company in common, to be held and accounted for, and in no wise to be returned or paid over, except in such cases duly made and provided.

ARTICLE IX.

The Quarter Master.

The Quarter Master shall superintend the Commissary Department. He shall provide and furnish, from time to time, the necessary food for the Company, and discharge all such duties usually pertaining to his office.

ARTICLE X.

The Surgeon.

The Surgeon shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the sanitory department, and shall appoint all Committees connected with his department for the care of the sick.

ARTICLE XI.

Time of Election, Duration of Office, &c.

SECT. 1. The elective officers of the Company shall be chosen on the 10th of February,

SHENANDOAH NAVIGATION IMPROVEMENT.

Agreeably to notice, the citizens of Harpers-Ferry met at the United States Hotel on the 10th inst., when, on motion, Major J. B. Wason was appointed President, W. J. Stephens and Hugh Gallegher Vice Presidents, and Henry Ward Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been stated by the President, on motion, Messrs. Ellis, Stephens, and Gatchaw, were appointed a committee to draft resolutions, who, after a short time, reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That situated as Harpers-Ferry is, at the outlet of the great valley of the Shenandoah, we cannot feel indifferent to any of the great avenues connecting us with the inhabitants and the vast wealth, business, and resources of the valley.

Resolved, That among the several avenues thus important to us, and to the great mass of the community in the Valley, the improvement of the Navigation of the Shenandoah River stands pre-eminently forward, as one designed by nature to become most valuable and useful, most cheaply constructed, and when well constructed, most permanent in its character and benefits—requiring but little outlay for its occasional repairs, and that its capacity for usefulness will be perpetual, through all time, to all coming generations.

Resolved, That in view of the vast agricultural and mineral wealth of the Valley, of which this must be the great thoroughfare of transition, and of the return commerce of the Valley, we believe the investment of capital in a judicious improvement, by dams, locks and canals, will yield adequate and even lucrative returns when the works shall have once been completed; *that, therefore, we recommend to the Legislature of our State to grant it the most liberal aid; and that it also commends itself to the attention of capitalists as a safe and permanent investment.*

Resolved, As the opinion of this meeting, That in its beneficial effects upon the section of the State through which it passes, and contiguous thereto, we believe that the entire cost of its construction will be more than quadrupled in the enhanced value of the real estate and its products of lumber and mineral,—developing wealth and resources hitherto lying dormant and unknown.

Resolved, That we recommend meetings of citizens to be held at every available position along the Valley in the vicinity of the contemplated improvements, to express the general and unanimous sentiment of the community in its behalf, and to awaken the whole to the great value and importance of the enterprise; and to stimulate them to an effective use of their means.

Resolved, That we have full and entire confidence in the skill, judgment and fidelity, of the principal and assistant engineers, and recommend that their plans, based as they will be upon the most accurate survey and scientific investigation, should be fully carried out, and the work constructed in accordance therewith.

Resolved, That we as individuals will render the Navigation Company all the encouragement and aid in our power.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be furnished the publishers of papers in this county and in Richmond for publication; and a copy thereof be sent to each of the Representatives from this County and the Senator from this District. JAMES B. WAGER, *Prest.*

Henry Ward, *Secretary.*

Yankee Sullivan in New York.—Yankee Sullivan arrived in New York on Friday, and was received by a gang of some 3,000 of his associates, who made the welkin ring with their shouts on his appearance. He is dreadfully cut about the face, but not seriously injured. The friends of Hyer, in the same city, had the Fountain, his place of resort in Park Row, illuminated on Thursday night. A butcher in one of the markets has won $15,000 or $20,000 on Hyer's success, while Harrison, the notorious Broadway gambler, has lost $6,000 by betting on Sullivan.

The Baltimore Markets.

OFFICE OF THE "CLIPPER," BALTIMORE, Feb. 17, 1849.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged from $2 50 to $4 per 100 lbs. on the hoof, equal to $5@$7 75 net, and averaging $3 62 gross. The supply of live Hogs has fallen off. Sales at $5 50@$5 75 per 100 lbs.

FLOUR.—There was more inquiry and spirits in the flour market to-day than for some weeks past, and sales of about 1800 barrels Ho vard street were made at $4 87 for 1100, and $4 93 for the balance. The market closing firm on the spot, at $4 93@5 asked, with no sales at $4 93 offered. 500 barrels City Mills at $4 93, and 500 more at $5. Several more offers at first figures were refused.

GRAIN.—Sales of one cargo fair red Wheat at 108 cts. Small sales yellow Corn at 50c. and white 41@42c. No sales of Rye or Oats.

[*Communicated for the Georgian.*]

SAVANNAH, Jan. 31st, 1848.

Messrs. Editors:—Having been requested to testify to the properties of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, I take great pleasure in stating that I have frequently used it myself and administered to others during the past two years in cases of obstinate COUGHS, COLDS, soreness of the chest, &c., and always with the most happy result, and such is my unbounded confidence in its merits, that I prescribe it for my friends in each of the above cases as the first and most efficacious remedy. I am also fully convinced that it used in the incipient stages of CONSUMPTION, it would be found a *speedy remedy and sure preventive* of that fatal and much dreaded malady. Wishing its proprietor an extensive sale, and regretting that its virtues are not more universally known, I am yours, &c. E. P. H.

For sale also, by

THOS. M. FLINT, Charlestown;
J. P. HARTMAN, Winchester;
Dr. JOS. G. HAYS, Harpers-Ferry.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday the 6th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Frary, Mr. William L. Hedges to Miss Mary M. Kerney, daughter of Mr. James A. Kerney, all of this county.

Near Waterford, on the 20th ult., by the Rev. M. L. Stanford, Mr. John McGavack to Miss Sarah Ann Wine, all of Loudoun.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. Samuel Keppler, Mr. J. William Haines to Miss Georgiana Stewart, all of Winchester.

At Fairfield, on the 16th of January last, by the Rev. Mr. Wilmer, Mr. Chesar Shepherd to Miss Susan W., youngest daughter of John Richardson, Esq. all of Clarke county.

On the 30th ult., by the Rev. N. L. Fish, Mr. Forman Inskeep to Miss Alverdah I. Cain, daughter of Dr. Levi Cain, all of Hampshire county.

On the 5th instant, by the Rev. Joseph Baker, Mr. James T. Leach to Miss Catharine V. Stephens, both of Frederick county.

DIED,

On Sunday last, at his residence in this county, Mr. Thomas Baughurton, aged about 55 years.

On the 5th inst., at the "Wheatfield Hotel," Baltimore, where he was sojourning temporarily, Mr. Samuel Reel, merchant, of Front Royal, and formerly of Charlestown.

[illegible] Myers, aged about 60 years.

On Saturday last, Lucy, daughter of the Rev. Patterson Fletcher, of this county, aged about eight months.

On the 5th of October, 1848, near Madison, Jefferson county, Indiana, Mr. Jefferson Stedman, in the 10th year of his age, formerly of Jefferson County, Va.

In Leesburg, on the 4th instant, Mrs. Mary Dogrell, wife of Mr. Thomas Dorrell.

On Tuesday evening week, Mrs. Mary Bowen, wife of Mr. J. Richard Bowen, in the 35th year of her age. In this visitation of the angel of death in our midst, we are strongly admonished of the common destiny which awaits us all.—*Win. Rep.*

In Richmond, on Monday morning last, in the 51st year of his age, William B. Cuttendens, Esq., President of the James River and Kanawha Company.

On Tuesday the 6th inst., at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. John Timmons, of Martinsburg, Miss Mary Mullen, formerly of Frederick county, Md., aged 75 years.

NOTICE.

The Members of the Charlestown Fire Company will meet at the Court House, on Saturday next, 17th instant, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of filling the office of Captain.

GEO. L. STEWART, *Sec'y.*

Feb 15.

CLOVER SEED,

VERY superior, for sale by
Feb. 15. J J MILLER.

FOR RENT,

THE Dwelling and Store House on the Main Street, in Charlestown, heretofore occupied by Joshua Riley, and adjacent to the residence of Dr. Wm. F. Alexander. Possession given on the first of April, 1849.

I have for sale, two Work Horses, and 2 Sa-pouches, with Harness, complete. Country Produce will be taken in exchange therefor.

G. W. SAPPINGTON,
Charlestown, Jeff. Co. Va., Feb. 15, 1849—1A.

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL offer at Public Sale, *on Thursday the 1st day of March next*, at my residence known as the White House, near Thomson's Depot, property, viz:

3 fine Work Horses,
Four Cows,
30 Stock Hogs, Sows and Pigs,
One Wagon; 1 Cart nearly new;
Four sets Gears;
200 lbs. Bacon; 200 lbs. Lard;
One lot of Potatoes; 4 Stoves;
Farming Utensils. Also, a variety of

Household & Kitchen
FURNITURE,

Consisting of Beds, Bedding and a variety of articles not necessary to enumerate.

TERMS.—A credit of nine months will be given on all sums above five dollars, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; under that sum the cash will be required.

Feb. 15, 1849. JOHN M. LUPTON.

Superior Tobacco.

JUST received, the celebrated brands, "*Esmeralda* and *El Dorado*" Tobacco, pronounced by judges the most superior article ever offered in this market.

LYNCHBURG TOBACCO—The genuine article, for smoking, just received and for sale.

LOGAN—Of all brands, and most superior quality. J. J. MILLER.

Feb. 15, 1849.

To Farmers and others.

I WOULD respectfully call the attention of my friends and the public generally, to my stock of Domestics, which are as follows:

20 pieces Twilled Osnaburgs, for Pants;
20 " Plain " for Shirting;
30 " Plaid 4-4 "
15 " Plaid Cottons;
50 " Bleached, at every price;
Cotton Bags and Bagging;
Knitting Cottons, &c.

Together with a large and general stock of Goods, suitable for the season, which will be sold on pleasing terms to good men.

JEREMIAH HARRIS.

Feb. 15, 1849

Old Rye Whiskey.

2 BBLS. OF SEVEN YEARS OLD WHISKEY, which will compare with any in the county. Price, $1.25 cents per gallon.

Feb. 15. J. HARRIS.

Domestics.

JUST received 20 pieces heavy twills for negroes pants; 20 pieces 3 4, 7-8, and 4-4 Osnaburgs, for shirts; 10 pieces penitentiary and other striped cottons; a large stock of Bleached and brown cottons, every width and quality.

100 pounds carpet chain;
1 bale large cotton bats for quilts and comforts;
1 bale best candle-wick;
Handsome white and Black Calicoes;
Very superior silk warp black Alpaeca, for sale very cheap. WM. S. LOCK.

Feb. 15, 1849.

NOTICE.

PURCHASERS at my sale in February, 1848, who have not yet lifted their sale bonds, are hereby notified that they have been due since the first of January last, and unless promptly attended to, I shall proceed to collect them according to law.

THOS. B. WASHINGTON.

Feb. 15, 1849.—3t—*Spirit copy.*

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE subscriber, Agent for the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, Philadelphia, is authorized to *Insure the Lives of Persons going to California.* To those who leave families an opportunity is now offered of securing to them (in the event of their death while gone) a handsome sum, for a small consideration. Premiums as low as any other Company in the United States.

Feb. 15, 1849—3t. J. J. MILLER.

Parson's Universal Plough Cultivator and Seeder,

For Corn, Sugar Cane, Potatoes and Tobacco.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the agricultural community generally, that he has purchased the sole right of making and vending the above Plough, which can be metamorphosed into a great variety of shapes, by the transposition of its shares, which consists of a right and left hey-share, for throwing the dirt to or from the rows or plants, and can be arranged to suit any desirable width.

Thus, any man and horse can plough eight or ten acres in a day, and perform the work in the most admirable manner.

This Celebrated Plough and Cultivator

Combines the qualifications of performing double work in all branches of Agriculture for which it is recommended with ease to the horse, and almost without any effort to the operator, by the adaptation of the shafts and the application of two or three shares at a time, thus giving it the self-sustaining principle, which greatly recommend it to an enlightened public, seeking the advancement of the usual arts.

Its different modes of application are thus described: In furrowing, the ploughs can be applied for making two rows at a time. Then, in cross-furrowing, they can be arranged to cover one row and furrow the next. The first and second ploughing of corn, &c., the Ploughs can be arranged to plough both rows, and throw the dirt either to or from them.

The proprietor could, if it were necessary, procure a host of the most indubitable evidences from the most prominent Farmers of the States of Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Western Pennsylvania, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin. But of what avail are such testimonials to practical demonstration.

Farmers and Mechanics: to satisfy yourselves that it is no humbug, but practical reality, as demonstrative as the many advantages derived from the aid of steam power, the power loom, or the press, come and examine with your own eyes, and handle with your own hands, and you will most assuredly give it that meed of praise which thousands before you have bestowed upon it, as being the cheapest, simplest, and most general agricultural implement in its various application now extant.

The aforesaid Plough will hereafter be manufactured and sold by James M. Hessey, in the following counties: Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Shenandoah, He is engaged in making them at Shepherdstown, where he will be prompt in filling all orders, either by forwarding or delivering the Plough. JAMES M. HESSEY.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 15, 1849.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS.

Wm. Stabler & Bro.,

HAVE just received a part of their Spring supply of the above SEEDS, which, with the fresh Seeds on hand, make

Twelve Thousand Papers.

They expect in a few days a large supply, further, of Seeds in bulk. These Seeds are so well known that little need be said now in their favor. Suffice it to say that arrangements are made to secure to customers, as far as practicable, the articles they require, fresh and genuine. Among the Seeds are the following, viz:

Asparagus—Early, Long Blood, Early Turnip, Red.
Beet—Early, Long Blood, Early Turnip, Mangel Wurzel, French Sugar.
Beans—Large Windsor, Long Pod, Six Weeks, Red Speckled Valentine, Brown do. do. China, Lima, Royal Dwarf, Case Knife.
Broccoli—Purple Cape.
Cabbage—Early York, Large York, Early Sugar Loaf, Early Battersea, Philadelphia, Red Dutch, Green Glazed.
Carrot—Long Orange, Early Horn, Altringham or Field.
Cauliflower—Early Asiatic, (imported) late Dutch.
Celery—White and Red, solid.
Cress—Curled.
Cucumbers—Early Frame, Long Green, Gherkin, (for pickling.)
Egg Plant—Large Purple.
Endive.
Leek—Large Flag Leaved.
Lettuce—Early Cabbage, Early Curled, Brown Dutch, Royal Cabbage, Large India, White Cos, Philadelphia.
Melon—Water, Mountain Sweet, (new) Water Mountain Sprout, Citron, Nutmeg.
Nasturtium.
Okra.
Onion—Silver Skin, Large Yellow Strasburg, Wethersfield Red. (annual.)
Parsley—Curled.
Parsnip—Sugar, (extra.)
Peas—Extra Early, Early Frame, Early Carlton, Large Marrowfoot, Royal Dwarf do., Blue Prussian, Bishops, Dwarf Prolific.
Pepper—Large Sweet, Bell shaped.
Pumpkin.
Radish—Long Salmon, Long Scarlet, White Turnip, Red Turnip, Yellow Turnip, White Spanish, Black Spanish, Summer White.
Rhubarb—Victoria.
Salsafie.
Spinach—Round, Savoy Leaved, Prickly.
Squash—Early Bush, Long Green, Lima or Cocoanut.
Tomato.
Turnip—Early White, Flat Dutch, Red Top, Large Globe, Ruta Bega, Dale's Hybrid, Early Stone.

Catalogues containing directions, furnished gratis.

February 15, 1849.—tf.

Old Zack's Coming.

HOYS ARE YOU GOING!

Only a few Tickets Left.

MY BOAT HORNET will leave Harpers-Ferry on *FRIDAY March the 2d*, at 12 o'clock, M. Persons desirous of witnessing the inauguration of Gen. Taylor, will find this Boat to be a convenient and cheap way of going, as my boat is a very commodious and comfortable Deck Boat, and fine for promenading.

For Tickets apply soon to the Editors of the "Spirit of Jefferson," "Free Press," or Mr. J. J. Miller, at Charlestown; or, to Mr. F. J. Conrad or David Seigle, at Harpers-Ferry.

Price, One Dollar for the round trip.

JOSEPH DOWLING, *Captain.*

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 15, 1849.

Mules for Sale.

THE subscriber has for sale, at the farm on which Mr. John Burns resides, near Charlestown, upwards of **SIXTY MULES**, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

The Mules will be kept at the above named place until February Court, (19th instant) at which time those remaining unsold will be in Charlestown.—Purchasers would do well to call early, as I have many choice Mules in the drove.

Feb. 15, 1849. CALEB BURNS.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of a Deed of Trust made *on the 28th day of February*, 1843, by Edward Fitzpatrick, to secure certain monies therein recited to Richard D. Doran, I shall offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on SATURDAY the 10th of MARCH, 1849,

The Lot of Ground

In the town of Harpers-Ferry, known on the plat of the lands of John Wager, dec'd, as Lot No. 39.

Sale to take place on the premises, at 12 M.

MICHAEL DORAN, *Trustee.*

Feb. 15, 1849.

THE INAUGURATION.

THE fine Boat, *WELLS A. HARPER*, will leave Harpers-Ferry, *on Friday the 2d day of March next*, for Georgetown, to carry Passengers who may be desirous of being present at the Inauguration of President Taylor. The Boat will leave about 12 o'clock, M., arriving at Washington on Saturday. Passage for the round trip, $1. Those intending to go by this Boat are requested to leave their names with Mr. G. W. Gatshaw, Harpers-Ferry, or at the Office of the Free Press.

☞ The Boat will return at the pleasure of the passengers, a majority ruling. As only a limited number can be accommodated, early application had better be made.

JOHN GIBSON.

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 8, 1849.

LAW CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a Co-Partnership in the Practice of the Law, in all its branches. They will give their best attention to all business which may be confided to them in any of the Courts held in Savannah, (Georgia,) the Supreme Court of the State of Georgia, and the Courts of the Counties contiguous to Savannah.

SOLOMON COHEN.
ROBERT H. GRIFFIN.

Savannah, Geo., Jan. 1, 1849.

Ho! for the Gold Regions!

A COMPANY has been organized at this place for the purpose of going to the Gold Regions in California. The number is limited. All who may desire to unite with this body are referred to the undersigned, committee, who will receive applications, and give all necessary information concerning the organization. A meeting of the company will be held *on Saturday next*, Feb. 10th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, when the route to be taken will be determined on. Those who may desire to join the company are requested to attend this meeting.

E. MURLATT,
JACOB VANVACTER,
J. D. STIFES,
Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 8, 1849. *Committee.*

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE firm of Gibson & Harris has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent.

J. D. GIBSON,
Feb., 1, 1849. J. HARRIS.

THE Books, Bonds, Notes, &c., of the late firm Harris for settlement. Our friends will please call and close by money or note.

J. D. GIBSON,
Feb. 8, 1849. J. HARRIS.

NOTICE,

THE undersigned having purchased of James D. Gibson, his entire interest in the stock of Goods of the firm of Gibson & Harris, will continue the business on his own account, at the Old Stand in Charlestown, where he hopes to receive the patronage of his old friends, and as many new ones as may favor him.

Feb. 8, 1849. JEREMIAH HARRIS.

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL offer at Public Sale, *on Friday the 16th of this month, (February,)* at 10 o'clock, A. M., at my residence, about two miles East of Charlestown, Jefferson county, on the road leading to Keyes' Ferry, all of my personal property, consisting in part as follows, viz:

6 head of first rate work Horses—2 Colts;
Several head of fine Milch Cows and Stock Cattle;
30 or 40 head of Hogs;
10 head of Sheep of fine breed.

ALSO—

Farming Utensils

Of every description, such as;
Wagons, Ploughs, Harrows, Gears, &c.;
1 Set first rate Housings;
Also—About 40 Acres of Wheat in the ground;
About 1500 lbs. of Pork in the salt;
Also—1 first rate Wheat Fan, of Barritt's make.

One Two horse Carriage & Harness,

in good condition; together with my

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN
FURNITURE,

and many other articles too tedious to mention.

TERMS.—A credit of nine months will be given on all sums of $5 and upwards, under $5 the cash will be required—the purchaser executing his bond with approved security, upon all credit sales, before any property is removed.

MAGDELENE E. EICHELBERGER.

Mount Pleasant, Feb. 8, 1849.

Plaistering, White Washing, Painting and Staining.

THE undersigned offers his services to the public in the above business, in all of its departments.

He will execute any work in his line with skill and despatch.

Orders for him may be left at Carter's Hotel.

Feb. 8, 1849—tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Sale to the highest bidder, for cash, before the Court-House in Charlestown, *on MONDAY the 19th of February*, being Court day, to satisfy sundry executions in my hands against John C. Walper, the following property, to wit:—

3 head of Work Horses—1 Colt;
6 Milch Cows, 20 head of Hogs;
20 head Sheep—1 Road Wagon;
1 One Horse Sleigh—Gearing for four Horses;
1 Barshear Plough—3 Shovel Ploughs;
4 Beadsteads & Bedding—12 Chairs;
40 or 50 Yards of Carpeting—2 Tables; Corn, &c.

L. LUCAS, *D. S.*

January 15, 1849.

Change of Day, &c.

THE above sale will take place at the residence of Mr. Walper, ✕ Roads, four miles from Shepherdstown, on Saturday the 24th of February.

February 8, 1849. L. LUCAS, *D. S.*

THE sale of my property, advertised by Lewis Lucas, D. S., for Geo. Reynolds, to take place at my house, is done at my request and consent.

Feb. 8, 1849. JOHN C. WALPER.

Sleighs, &c. for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on moderate terms, several first rate Sleighs. Call and see them. Also, a first rate Wagon. Farmers and others would do well to make an examination.

B. T. TOWNER.

Shepherdstown, Jan. 11, 1849.

For Californians!

WE have received a supply of VELVETEENS and *COARSE CLOTHS*, suitable for those going to California. CRANE & BROWN.

SHELLBARKS for sale by
Jan 25, J. J. MILLER.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Premium Piano Forte.

BY virtue of authority vested in me, as Trustee, by deed executed by S. E. Cohen, for the benefit of Robt. H. Hoffman, and of record in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson, Deed Book No. 20, folio 250, I shall, *on Saturday the 10th of March, next*, at Harpers-Ferry, proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, a "PREMIUM PIANO," 6½ Octave, beautifully finished, with Mahogany exterior and Rosewood interior case. This instrument is represented to me to be a *very superior* one, little used, and altogether worthy of the attention of those desiring to purchase a good article.

It is probable, that at the day of sale, I may be able to offer a credit, with good security, for the balance of the purchase money, over the sum of about One Hundred and Five Dollars, and the costs of the sale, which must be paid in cash.

Time, and place of sale, made known by the crier, on the morning of the 10th March.

A. M. KITZMILLER, *Trustee.*

Feb. 8, 1848.

GOODS AT COST!

HAVING determined to retire from the Mercantile Business, I have rented my store-house to John H. McEndree, Esq., who is to have possession on the 1st day of April next. Consequently, I must dispose of my remaining stock of goods, consisting of

Dry Goods, Hardware, China, Glass, Queens, Stone and Wooden Ware, Castings and Groceries.

All of which were purchased on the best terms—many articles bought at auction for much less than their regular value.

They will be positively sold AT COST, either by wholesale or retail, for cash, good paper, country produce, or on a liberal credit, to good persons.

B. T. TOWNER.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 8, 1849.

☞ N. B. Those persons indebted to me are requested to call and make payment as early as possible, as I am desirous of making a speedy close of my business. B. T. T.

For Sale or Rent.

THE undersigned is desirous of selling or renting the DWELLING HOUSE, Blacksmith Shop, Blacksmith's Tools, and Turning Lathe, complete, in his possession, together with one, two, four or six acres of land, as it may suit the purchaser. The property lies on the road from Harpers-Ferry to Shepherdstown, about half way from each place.—It is two miles from the Potomac River, and three-eighths of a mile from Zion Church. Any person wishing a situation of this kind will find it their interest to call and examine for themselves. Possession to be given on the 1st of April, 1849.

B. W. THOMPSON.

Jan. 25, 1849.—6t.

Farm for Rent.

A GOOD Farmer can obtain for a term of years an excellent **FARM**, with about **300** Acres of cleared land, and an abundance of wood.—Buildings are new and comfortable—the land under good fencing. For further information apply to Richard B. Washington, near Charlestown, or to John A. Washington, at Mount Vernon, near Alexandria, Va.

Feb. 1, 1849.—4t.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale, a Negro Woman and Boy. The woman is 23 years old, and is a pretty good cook and washer, and a good field hand. The boy is smart and likely, and the terms will be made moderate.

Also—A first-rate Rockaway.

Inquire of the Printer.

Feb. 1, 1849.—3t

FOR RENT,

THE House now occupied by Robert Lucas.—Possession given on the 1st day of April.

JOS. E. LANE.

Feb. 1, 1849—3t.

BEHOLD A GOLD MINE!

More Fertile than the Sacramento and nearer home than California!

☞ No Voyage "round the Horn" required.

THE ENORMOUS PRIZE SUM OF

70,000 DOLLARS!

Will be paid in Cash, Old Redemption, Far famed and Truly Lucky Lottery and Exchange Brokers,

PYFER & CO.,

The far famed & truly lucky Lottery Agents, No. 1 Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

WHERE'S the use of going to California now? A brilliant galaxy of Lotteries for the month of February is herewith presented to the notice of the correspondents of this well known and truly fortunate house.

The first investment frequently draws a prize at Pyfer and Co's. See the noble luck last month.

All the Prizes promptly paid in Gold!

☞ *PYFER & CO., ALWAYS LUCKY.* ☜

A small specimen of luck within ONE MONTH!

$30,080 sent to an old correspondent in Raleigh, N. C. (He had been unlucky but persevered.)
$9,000 sent per mail to Bertie co., N. C.
$5,000 sent per mail to Rockingham co., Va.
$1,000 sent per mail to Fauquier co., Va.
$1,000 sent per mail to Mecklenburg co., Va.
$8,000 sent per mail to Huntington co., Pa.
$5,000 sent per mail to York co., Pa.
$1,000 sent per mail to Knox co., Ohio.

All sent to Correspondents during the month of January, and promptly paid by the Fortunate House of Pyfer & Co.

Confidence never violated! No postage need be paid on orders to Pyfer & Co.

Grand Lotteries for January.

For a splendid prize you have only to order from Pyfer & Co.

SPLENDID SCHEMES.

Date. December.	Capital Prizes.	Number of Ballots.	Price Tickets.	Price Pkgs.
1,	20,000 Dolls	75 Nos 15 Drawn	$5	$15
2,	7,000 Dolls	75 Nos 12 Drawn	$2	$7
3,	18,000 Dolls	78 Nos 13 Drawn	$5	$18¼
4,	37,500 Dolls	75 Nos 12 Drawn	$10	$32½
5,	9,000 Dolls	75 Nos 13 Drawn	$2½	$7
6,	25,000 Dolls	78 Nos 13 Drawn	$8	$27¼
6,	20,000 Dolls	75 Nos 13 Drawn	$5	$18¼
7,	8,500 Dolls	75 Nos 15 Drawn	$2½	$8
7,	30,000 Dolls	78 Nos 14 Drawn	$10	$32½
8,	21,000 Dolls	75 Nos 13 Drawn	$5	$18¼
9,	7,000 Dolls	75 Nos 12 Drawn	$2	$7
9,	15,000 Dolls	78 Nos 14 Drawn	$4	$14
10,	44,000 Dolls	78 Nos 16 Drawn	$15	$45
12, 3	15,000 Dolls	75 Nos 11 Drawn	$8	$30
13,	22,500 Dolls	78 Nos 14 Drawn	$5	$18¼
14,	30,000 Dolls	66 Nos 13 Drawn	$10	$25
15,	20,000 Dolls	75 Nos 12 Drawn	$5	$18¼
16,	21,000 Dolls	78 Nos 13 Drawn	$5	$18¼
17,	30,000 Dolls	75 Nos 13 Drawn	$10	$32½
19,	8,000 Dolls	75 Nos 14 Drawn	$2½	$8
20,	25,000 Dolls	75 Nos 12 Drawn	$5	$18¼
21, 3	25,000 Dolls	75 Nos 12 Drawn	$10	$32½
22,	22,000 Dolls	78 Nos 13 Drawn	$5	$18¼
23,	15,000 Dolls	75 Nos 14 Drawn	$4	$12½
24,	60,000 Dolls	78 Nos 13 Drawn	$20	$70
26,	25,000 Dolls	75 Nos 15 Drawn	$8	$25
27,	30,000 Dolls	78 Nos 14 Drawn	$5	$18¼
"	9,000 Dolls	78 Nos 16 Drawn	$2½	$8
"	31,000 Dolls	75 Nos 13 Drawn	$10	$32½

Our friends will bear in mind that we publish the price of Packages of Quarter Tickets only. Packages of *Whole* and *Half* Tickets will be in the same proportion.

☞ Official and Printed drawings always forwarded by the first mail after the drawing, enveloped and sealed.

We advise our correspondents to order Packages of Tickets, as they save at least 15 per cent. and may draw in one Package, FOUR CAPITAL PRIZES.

☞ Pyfer & Co. pay Prizes at sight in gold.

Forward orders a few days in advance of the date of drawing.

☞ Confidence strictly observed at this office.

In addition to the above Brilliant Schemes, we have on every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, an Extra Class, (vulgarly called "Small Fry" Lottery) that will be drawn, in which the high prize is $1,000. Tickets $1,00. Packages $3,75. Orders promptly attended to.

Persons at a distance from Baltimore in want of money can surely realize it, by addressing through the mails the truly fortunate and far-famed Lottery Agents,

PYFER & CO.,
No. 1 Light Street, Baltimore.

Feb. 1, 1849.

Bolivar Property at Private Sale.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, his Property in the town of Bolivar. This Property is eligibly situated, with a front on Union Street of about 110 feet, running back to Taylor street about 200 feet. Fronting Union street is a good **BRICK HOUSE**, which I now occupy. It would be a good situation for a store, (the front room being designed for that purpose,) and sufficient room for the accommodation of a large family.

Fronting Taylor street is **TWO GOOD TENEMENTS**, now under rent. This property is susceptible of being divided into 3 or more Lots. It will be sold entire or divided to suit the convenience of purchasers. For terms apply to

RICH'D R. CREUZEN.

Feb. 8, 1849.

CORN—Wanted in exchange for Groceries, or on account, by J J MILLER.
Feb 15.

Weverton Manufacturing COMPANY.

AT a meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, held in Baltimore, on the 17th instant, of which Abraham Martin, of Philadelphia, was Chairman, and George Bowlus, of Middletown, Maryland, was Secretary, the following gentlemen were elected Directors of said Company, viz:

Gen. Archibald Henderson, of Washington.
Hon. John G. Chapman, of Charles county, Md.
James M. Buchanan, of Baltimore.
Mason Kindel, of Chesnut Hill, Pennsylvania.
Hezekiah Boteler, Wm. Loughridge, and Barton Boteler, of Washington county, Md.

And at a meeting of the Directors, subsequently held, the Hon. John G. Chapman was chosen President, and James M. Buchanan, Counsel of the Company; C. W. Wever, Secretary; Barton Boteler, Treasurer; William Loughridge, General Agent, and Robert Beale, of Washington, Andrew Garrott, of Philadelphia, and John S. McCulloh, of Baltimore, Transfer Agents.

Messrs. George Jacobs, Edward Garrott, John F. Gray, and Lewis Bell, declined a re-election.

Buckwheat Flour,

OF most superior quality, for sale by
Jan. 25. J. J. MILLER.

MACKEREL & HERRING,

JUST received and for sale low by barrel or otherwise. Also, **COD FISH.**

Jan 25. J. J. MILLER.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, Virginia, made at the Fall Term, 1848, in the suit of James Collett and others against the Executors of Jacob Crowl and others—the undersigned, Commissioners appointed by said Decree, will, *on Saturday the 17th day of March*, 1849, before the Hotel of Daniel Entler, in Shepherdstown, sell at public auction that

Very Desirable Property

In Shepherdstown, on German Street, formerly the residence of Jacob Crowl, dec'd, and now occupied by some of his devisees—upon the following

TERMS: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash; the balance in two equal payments of twelve and twenty-four months, with interest from the day of sale. The purchaser to give bonds for the deferred payments, to be secured by a Deed of Trust on the premises.

The purchaser to have possession on the first day of April. HENRY BERRY, E. I. LEE, } *Com'rs.*

Jan. 25, 1849.

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL offer at public sale, *on Tuesday the 20th day of February next*, at my residence one and a half miles east of Smithfield, the following property, viz:

Four head of work Horses and 3 Colts;
Two Milch Cows;
Four brood Sows and 30 Shoats;
One Wagon and one Wagon Bed;
Four sets of Wagon Gears;
Three sets of Plough Gears;
Halter Chains and Collars;
One Barshear Plough; 2 single shovel do.;
One double-shovel Plough;
One Harrow; 1 Cutting Box;
One barrel of Cider Vinegar; 2 cider barrels;
One Grain Cradle and three Forks;
One lot of CORN;
***800** lbs. of Bacon and some Lard;*
Some few articles of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums of $5 and upwards, with bond and approved security; under $5 cash.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JEFFERSON JOHNS.

Jan. 25, 1849.

A MOST DESIRABLE DWELLING AND A SMALL FARM *FOR SALE.*

THE Mansion of the late Daniel Morgan, with 50 Acres of Land, is offered for sale. This property is within one-fourth of a mile of Shepherdstown, Jefferson County, Va., on the turnpike leading to Smithfield, and is most eligibly situated in every particular. The house is of [illegible] a frame wing. The other improvements are a large barn, a stable, carriage-house, corn-house, &c.

The land is inferior to none in the county—is partly timbered—and has an abundance of running water, supplied by a never-failing spring, which is noted for its beauty and size.

For price, and terms, apply to

GEO. WM. RANSON.

Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va., }
Feb. 1, 1849—6t. }

National Intelligencer, Harrisburg (Pa.) Telegraph, and Frederick (Md.) Herald, insert 1aw3t and send bill to adv.

FOR RENT,

A DWELLING HOUSE, and Blacksmith Shop, at Kerneysville, on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, for one or two years. It is one of the best stands on the county. There is a Wagon-maker's Shop carried on at the same place by a first rate workman. Coal and iron kept at the door.—Possession given on the 1st day of April, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849. JAMES A. KERNEY.

FOREIGN PAYMENTS.

FOR sale bills on Liverpool or Belfast, on moderate terms, with which payments can be made in any part of Great Britain or Ireland.

JOHN YATES.

Halltown Post Office, Jefferson Co., Va. }
Feb. 1, 1849—$2. }

Winchester Republican and *Martinsburg Gazette* insert 3t.

A Situation Wanted.

A LADY who is well qualified to teach all the higher branches of a thorough English Education, together with the French Language, wishes a situation as private instructress in a family, or to act as principal or assistant in a School or Seminary, in town or country.

Highly respectable testimonials will be given, as regards character and qualifications.

Reference may be made to John S. Gallaher, Esq., Editor of Winchester Republican.

Feb. 1, 1849.

FOR RENT,

FOR one or more years, commencing on the 1st day of April next, 1849—

My DWELLING HOUSE Property, known as "Dixon's Hill," with the ground attached, containing 4½ acres. If necessary, it may be divided so as to accommodate two small families. I will also dispose of said property at a reduced price and on accommodating terms.

I have also for rent, TWO ROOMS, suitable for Offices or Shops—one at present occupied by Mr. John Kennedy; the other by A. J. O'Bannon, Esq.

ANDREW HUNTER.

Jan. 25, 1848.—4t

Wagons and Sleighs for Sale.

I WILL offer at public auction, before the Court House door, on the 1st day of the next Court, being the February Court of Jefferson—

A good two-horse Wagon, with Bed, &c., complete, nearly new;
Also—the wood-work of another light Wagon;
Also—Two Sleighs, one complete—the other without a body; and one old Cart.

TERMS.—Three months credit on all sums over $5—bond and security.

ANDREW HUNTER, *Agent.*

Jan. 25, 1849.

Town Property for Sale.

I WIS

VARIETY.

A SOLID ARGUMENT.

An old lady hearing it stated by a school boy, that the world was round, and revolved daily on its axis, replied, "Well, I don't know anything about its axes, but I know it don't turn over, for if it did we should be tumbled off; and as to its being round, all can see that it is a flat piece of ground, and stands upon a rock!"

"But upon what does the rock stand?"

"Why, on another one, to be sure."

"But what supports the last?"

"Why, la! child, there's rocks all the way down."

☞ "It takes three springs," says the Comic Almanac, "to make one leap year."

☞ The world is a fishing pond—full of *slippery eels* and *suckers!*

☞ A Quaker having sold a fine looking, but blind horse, asked the purchaser—

"Well, my friend, dost thou see any fault in him?"

"No," was the answer.

"Neither will he ever see any in thee," said old Broadbrim.

☞ "Although you count yourself a brighter fellow than I am, yet I can come round you," as the earth said to the sun.

☞ "Mrs. Smith," said a comical husband, "I am astonished that you would condescend to wear another woman's hair on your head!" "Mr. Smith," she replied, "I am equally astonished that you would condescend to wear another sheep's wool on your back."

☞ "I am sitting on the 'style,' Mary," as the Irishman said, after taking a seat on a bonnet of "the latest Paris fashions."

☞ "Put that right back where you took it from!" as the girl said when her lover snatched a kiss.

☞ Everything great is not always good, but all good things are great.

☞ "*She has given him a kick*," is the elegant phrase now employed to signify that a lady has rejected a gentleman; or rather, that a gentle and amiable animal has put its bony hoof against you and moved you off a few paces towards nothingdom.

How to make a Whistle of a Pig's Tail.—Married, on the 7th ult., in Chesnut Grove, by the Rev. Mr. Sulvable, Mr. Jonathan Whistle to Miss Jedutha Pigtail. Look out for music.

☞ "I have a great run of business at present," remarked a pickpocket, who was chased by three constables.

☞ An old bachelor who edits a paper somewhere out West, puts "Melancholy Accidents" as a head for marriages in his paper.

☞ If you wish to cultivate expression of countenance, shave with a dull razor, and look at yourself all the while in a mirror.

☞ Cupid used to shoot arrows into the heart; but he now shoots them into the pocket. A smart boy!

The Kiss.—A lover gazed into the eyes of his mistress until she blushed. He pressed her hand to his heart and said—"My who sows the seed should reap the harvest.

An Awful Pause.—After the clergyman had united a happy pair, an awful silence ensued, which was broken by an impatient youth, exclaiming, "Don't be unspeakably happy!"

☞ "And faith and I'd like to have one-half of your disease, as the Irishman remarked to the drunkard in the ditch.

☞ "I've taken the stump," as Cass's sword remarked.

☞ "I've a mind to give you a lick," as the cow said to the salt.

☞ An Irishman on being told to grease the wagon, returned in about an hour afterwards and said, "I've greased every part of the wagon but them *sticks where the wheels hang on*."

PURIFICATION.

It is a settled creed in all correct medical jurisprudence, that unless the blood is kept free from impurities, the whole system must inevitably become diseased. When the blood becomes clogged, thick, and moves through the veins and arteries with a sluggish motion, we may rest assured that sickness, with its concomitant train of evils, is about to ensue. The utmost care and greatest precaution are therefore necessary, and the system should be closely watched. Those who generally provide themselves with mild and aperient physic, should give a preference to such as are of a strictly vegetable nature. Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills appear to be the universal favorite, as they are composed entirely of Vegetables and co-operate so effectually—cleansing the system—purifying the blood and removing all undue biliary secretions.

For sale by

John N. Bell, Winchester.
Smith & Brother, Berryville.
Gibson & Harris, Charlestown.
A. M. Cridler, (Druggist,) Harpers-Ferry.
H. S. Forney, (Druggist,) Shepherdstown.
John W. Grantham, Middleway.

Feb. 8, 1849—2m.

The Charlestown Depot.

THE subscribers having taken possession of the Depot in Charlestown, are anxious to purchase any number of bushels of

WHEAT AND CORN,

for which they will pay the highest market price in cash on delivery. They also have possession of the Warehouse at the Old Furnace until the first of April next, where they will purchase any number of bushels of Wheat and Corn, to be delivered on or before that time.

Also—On hand and for sale, 100 TONS OF PLASTER, at the Old Furnace.

They are also anxious to purchase any number of bushels of Wheat and Corn, to be delivered at their Warehouse in Shepherdstown, where they have a large quantity of Plaster for sale.

M. H. & V. W. MOORE.

Feb. 8, 1849.

BUILDERS, THIS WAY!

THE undersigned informs the citizens of Jefferson, Clarke and the surrounding counties, that he still continues the CARPENTERING BUSINESS in all its branches and varieties. Having paid some attention to the study of Architecture, he is prepared to furnish models and drafts for any kind of work pertaining to his line, feeling confident that by his long attention to the pursuit he can please the taste and gratify the eye of the most fastidious.

He will undertake the erection of all kinds of buildings—from the country-seat to that of the most humble, and upon terms such as must prove satisfactory to all concerned.

Persons who may have work in his line are respectfully desired to give him a call before closing contracts in other quarters.

Letters addressed to him at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., will be promptly attended to, from any part of the country.

WM. A. SUDDITH.

Feb. 1, 1849—1y.

DOMESTICS.—Twilled Osnaburgs; plain do; plaid cottons; 4-4 brown sheeting; knitting cotton, &c., just received and for sale by

Feb. 8. CRANE & BROWN.

THE SHENANDOAH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

For the Va. Free Press and Spirit of Jefferson.

Messrs. Editors: It is known to you, and through your columns to your readers, that the above named Company were retarded last year through the entire season for constructing buildings by the decease of one of the proprietors of the Straderian property, on which they purposed to locate, and thus prevented from completing the purchase and obtaining a title. This object now being accomplished, and a Deed for two lots of ground, each 300 feet in length by 140 and 150 feet in depth, one for dwellings and one for factory, with a liberal grant of water for 125 horse-power, and the right of more if desired, the main obstacle now seems removed, and with a moderate enlargement of capital, the company will be able to go on with a Paper Factory one-third larger than was at first contemplated.

The plans now drawn, (and which the great demand upon the company, for the supply of paper seems to justify as the *lowest* capacity of the Factory,) are for a three-story stone building, 50 feet by 100, to contain 20 rag engines carrying 200 lbs. each, and a Machine room 80 by 108 feet—with six 62-inch machines—(3 cylinder and 3 Fondineer,)—capable of Manufacturing upwards of 10 000 lbs. of paper per day. Besides the lots and water-power, upwards of $22,000 of the stock has been subscribed and pledged, provided the other amounts are raised, so as to have the Factory entirely free of debt when it is completed, and ready to commence the manufacture of paper. This object (to keep the company entirely free from debt) seems so desirable, that large as their demand for paper is, it will still be manifestly the interest of the company to purchase only a part of the machinery stated, until the required amount of stock is taken, rather than incur a debt; and yet a regular cash market is already secured for all the paper which the mill, with its largest capacity, can manufacture. Having the lots, water-power, cost of buildings, and of a part of the machinery secured, the object would seem so much easier attainable, to secure a sum for the balance of the machinery, and the profits to accrue so much greater, that we feel justified, and confident in the attempt to increase the subscriptions to capital stock some 10 or 12,000 dollars for that object. The full capacity of the mill would manufacture over $300,000 worth of paper per annum; which, allowing but ten per cent. profit, would give dividends of $30,000 a year—dividends ample as the most avaricious could desire.

The plans and estimates will be exhibited at R. T. Brown's Office, at Charlestown, on next Court-day, the 19th inst., and all persons anxious for the improvement of the County, or desiring a lucrative investment, are requested to call and examine them, and to subscribe for such interest therein as they deem proper. Shares $50 each.

The President of the company will visit Shepherdstown, Martinsburg, Smithfield, Winchester, Berryville, and Leesburg, on the earliest and most favorable opportunity, to afford citizens an opportunity to embark in this valuable enterprise; and will be happy, on these occasions, to afford them any information in his power upon subjects of manufacturing generally, or the operations of this company in particular. HIRAM ELLIS, *Pres't.*

☞ Winchester, Leesburg, and Martinsburg papers please copy.

T. H. TOWNER,
Attorney at Law,

Shepherdstown, Jefferson Co., Virginia.

OFFICE one door West of his father's residence.

Aug. 31, 1848.

GEORGE W. RANSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS removed his Office to the building recently occupied by John R. Flagg as a Sheriff's Office, two doors East of the Bank.

He will attend the various Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Morgan Counties.

Charlestown, April 8, 1848—tf.

JAMES McSHERRY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HARPERS-FERRY, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA,

PRACTISES in the County and Superior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan and Frederick Counties.

Feb 5, 1848—tf

THE WILLOW HILL
BOARDING SCHOOL,

ONE mile from Kerneysville, is in successful operation, and presents to parents and guardians a healthful and pleasant location for their sons and wards. Young gentlemen preparing for College enjoy the best opportunities, and particularly favorable for pursuing their studies.

Terms $80 per session, for boarding, tuition, &c.
Tuition from $6 to $12 per session.
The 3d Term will commence on Monday, August 14, 1848.

J. L. FRARY, *Proprietor.*

April 28, 1848—1y

COAL AND WOOD STOVES.

Tin & Sheet Iron Manufactory.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore with a large and carefully selected assortment of the various styles and descriptions of

Parlor Wood and Coal Stoves,
Ten Plate & Cooking do.,

All complete, and of the most approved patterns, which he offers at prices less than ever before offered in this town.

Also, on hand, a lot of COAL GRATES, with summer-pieces and brick complete. Those in want would do well to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as my arrangements are such that I can procure, in a few days notice, any description of Stoves not found among my present assortment.

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

On hand, a fine assortment of Tin and Sheet Iron work, which is offered at the lowest possible prices. Also, just received, a superior lot of Russia Iron and other kinds of material, which can be worked up at any time on more favorable terms than heretofore.

ROOFING and SPOUTING done as usual, and on as good terms as can be procured any where in the Valley.

Old Brass, Copper and Pewter taken in exchange for work. F. W. RAWLINS.

Charlestown, Oct. 5, 1848—y.

Cash for Negroes.

THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the *very highest cash prices.*

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the 2d Monday, and at Berryville on the 4th Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to. WM. CROW.

Charlestown, Feb. 12, 1848—tf.

CANDY MANUFACTORY
AND
FRUIT STORE,

No. 20 Light street, (opposite Mercer,)

BALTIMORE, MD.

THE undersigned, proprietor of the above establishment, begs leave to call the attention of the public to his large assortment of

CANDIES,

numbering three hundred different patterns and flavors. The extensive arrangements which I have lately introduced into my manufacturing department enables me to afford every article in the CANDY LINE at prices which cannot fail to please. Every article manufactured is WARRANTED to be of the BEST QUALITY, and guaranteed to KEEP in any climate, and PACKED in the most CAREFUL MANNER.

My Fruit Department comprises every article in season of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC, GREEN, DRIED or PRESERVED, with a great variety of Jellies, Sauces, Catsups, Pickles, Preserves, Wines, Oils, Jujube Paste, Chocolate Drops, Chocolate Stick, Rock Candy, red, white and yellow, imported and domestic, together with every kind of NUTS, &c.

☞ Every attention paid to persons desirous of examining my stock and prices.

All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.

☞ *All goods shipped free of charge.* ☜

JOS. R. MANN.

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN, accustomed to do all kinds of Tin and Sheet-iron work. To a good workman I will give several months work, and probably constant employment.

Dec. 7, 1848. FRANCIS W. RAWLINS.

For Rent,

THE Store I recently occupied. It is a large room, and one of the best stands in the town. For terms apply to Dr. W. R. Rann.

Dec. 11, 1848. LEWIS LEWISSON.

WINCHESTER FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE Fourteenth Annual Term of this Institution will commence the 2d day of January, 1849. The course of instruction will comprise all the branches of a complete English Education, together with the Latin, Greek, and French Languages, Mathematics, &c. Music, and a variety of Ornamental Branches, such as Drawing and Painting, will also be taught. For these and the French Language an extra charge will be made.

Miss Wilson, who is well versed in the science of Music, will give lessons on the Piano. Miss Fisch and Miss Beans will aid in the Literary Department.

Terms per Session of Five Months:

For Board and Lodging, per session,	$62 50
Tuition in the English Branches,	12 50
The Languages and Higher Branches,	16 50
Music, per quarter,	10 00
Use of Piano for practising,	2 50

The year will be divided into two sessions. Scholars may enter any time during the Session, and will be charged from entrance to the end of the term.

The increase of patronage the past year has made it necessary to enlarge the buildings of this Seminary. To the Boarding Department several rooms have been added, and also a spacious Academy has been erected, detached from the main building; so that ample accommodations can now be afforded for a large number, both of Boarding and Day Scholars.

The School is furnished with Globes, Orrery, large Maps, Mathematical Instruments, Historical Chart, &c.

☞ Patrons and friends are particularly invited to visit the school at any time, and become acquainted with its discipline and method of instruction.

JOS. BAKER, *Principal.*

Winchester, Fort Hill, January 1, 1849.

UNITED STATES
Wholesale Clothing Warehouse.

LEWIS & HANFORD,

Nos. 252 & 256 Pearl Street,
(Between Fulton street and Burling Slip.)
NEW YORK,
HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHING
IN THE
UNITED STATES,
Adapted to the Southern and Southwestern Markets!!

IN THE ARTICLE OF

Shirts and Drawers

We keep an endless variety.

ALSO—THE MOST EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF

Oil Clothing & Covered Hats

In the World. Plain and Fashionable Clothing, of all kinds. LEWIS & HANFORD,
No. 252 & 256 Pearl Street.

New York, Jan. 18, 1849.—6m.$5.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

WE have now in store a large assortment of Stoves of the following kinds—

20 plain 9-plate, of different sizes, from 18 to 30 in.
10 ornamented 9-plate, part with boiler tops.
30 parlor Air Tight, of all sizes and a great variety of patterns, some very handsome.
15 Stewart, Vulcan, and Albany Cooking Stoves, with furniture complete.

All of which we offer at much lower prices than they have heretofore been sold in this market.

Nov. 30. BAKERS & BROWN.

Coffee and Tea.

350 BAGS green Rio Coffee, part strong scented.
50 Bags Old Government Java do.
20 do do White Rio do.
15 do Green Laguayra do.
10 Half Chests G. P. and Imperial Tea.
4 do do Young Hyson do.

For sale, at reduced prices, by

Nov. 30. BAKERS & BROWN.

Raisins, Crackers and Cheese.

20 BOXES and half boxes *fresh* bunch Raisins.
10 Bbls. Water, Sugar and Soda Crackers.
20 Boxes Marshall's and Harris's Cheese.

Just received and for sale by

Nov. 30. BAKERS & BROWN.

THE "GREEN HOUSE."

THE undersigned looking to the comfort of the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, and those visiting the place, has fitted up an EATING HOUSE in Street, next door to Mr. G. W. Culshaw's, where he will serve to order,

Oysters in every variety,

Either fried, roasted, or stewed—together with every other article in season: His Bar is supplied with the choicest kinds of *LIQUORS.* Those wishing to enjoy themselves in his line, can do so in great comfort, as every effort will be used to make the "Green House" an agreeable resort.

JOHN GIBSON.

Nov. 23, 1848.

IRON, IRON.

WE have just received a large and complete assortment of HUGHES' IRON, viz:

Tires of all sizes, Plough Irons, Bolt Pins and Plates, Pump Handles, Sledge and Mattock Moulds. H. S. Bars, Scollop and Band Iron; all sizes of Round and Square Iron, Nail Rods, &c., together with a large quantity of Baltimore Iron, on hand, which makes our assortment more complete than it ever has been; to which the attention of Blacksmiths is invited before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined not to be beaten in assortment or price.

Nov. 23, 1848. T. G. RAWLINS & CO.

Virginia, Jefferson County, Set.

IN THE COUNTY COURT.

At a Court continued and held for said County, on the 21st day of November, 1848—

Elizabeth Brantner and George W. Brantner, an infant, suing by his next friend Elizabeth Brantner, PLAINTIFFS,

AGAINST

Wm. P. Rowles, John Quincy Janney, and Josephine Janney, children of Mary Ann Rowles, George W. Rowles, Minerva M. Clatchy, John J. Rowles and Thomas A. Rowles, DEFTS.,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, Wm. P. Rowles, George W. Rowles, Minerva McClatchy, John J. Rowles, and Thomas A. Rowles, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth, *it is ordered*, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next February Term of this Court, and answer the Bill of the Plaintiffs, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Courthouse of this county.

A Copy—Teste,

Nov. 30, 1848. T. A. MOORE, *Clerk.*

Virginia, Jefferson County, Set.

IN THE COUNTY COURT,
NOVEMBER TERM, 1848.

ON the motion of George W. Cookus & Elizabeth H. his wife, (late Elizabeth Hortensia Bear) a rule is awarded against Samuel Hess, requiring him to settle his accounts as Guardian of said Elizabeth Hortensia, returnable to January Term next (1849)—and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that said Samuel Hess is not an inhabitant of Virginia, it is ordered that notice of this rule be published in the "Charlestown Free Press" for eight weeks.

A Copy Teste—

Nov. 30, 1848—8w. T. A. MOORE, *Clerk.*

CITY HOTEL,
ALEXANDRIA, VA.

THIS commodious and well known House has been newly furnished and put in thorough repair, and from the subscriber's experience in the business, he hopes to be able to give satisfaction to all who may patronize him. He is now prepared for the reception of TRAVELLERS and BOARDERS.

Large and commodious STABLES are attached to the House, and careful and attentive Ostlers are employed, where horses will be received at all times, and attended to.

D. B. WINCH, *Proprietor.*

Alexandria, May 5, 1848.

Canfield, Brother & Co.,

IMPORTERS, Manufacturers and Dealers in *WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY,*

SILVER & PLATED WARE.

Lamps, Military and Fancy Goods,

227 *Baltimore St., (Corner Charles St.) Baltimore.*

IRA C. CANFIELD,
WM. B. CANFIELD,
JOS. H. MEREDITH.

Baltimore, Sept. 28, 1848. 2m.

Coopers' Tools.

WE have just received,
Broadhead's Patent Crows;
Kidds' and Watkins' Drawing Knives;
Champering & Howling do. do.
Adzes; Broad Axes; Frame Saws;
Joiners' Bits, &c., &c.

All of which we are determined to sell lower than ever.

T. G. RAWLINS & CO.

November 22, 1848.

Cash Store and Cash Only!

BARGAINS, BARGAINS.

I NEED not tell you what I have on hand, all of you, citizens and countrymen. Here is the place to obtain all kinds of merchandize. My stock is entirely too large to enumerate; come one, come all, and see before buying elsewhere, as I intend to sell to every customer who will favor me with a call. If I don't get my price, we will meet half way; if I can, so that I get the cash. I can do more than a credit store, as you all can judge for yourselves, for I am enabled to sell at one, one-half, or less profit for cash, as I expect to lose nothing by crediting goods out to pay day, six and eighteen months, and then lose it. So here goes, citizens, for a cash system, at one-half the usual profit, or else at cost. Come! come one and all, and buy, citizens, and save money to buy more goods with.—This store is found on Hotel Square, near the Potomac Bridge, Harpers-Ferry. I have an entire new stock, just received and opened.

JACOB NISSWANER.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 21, 1847.—tf.

Randolph & Latimer,

OFFER their services to the *Farmers, Millers* and *Merchants* of Jefferson County, as

Commission Agents

FOR THE SALE OF

Flour & other kinds Country Produce.

WAREHOUSE—*No. 8 Patterson Street,*

BALTIMORE.

REFERENCES:—Thomas Rutherford, Samuel Cameron, Richard Duffield.

Baltimore, Sept. 14, 1848—6m*$5.

Goods, New Goods!

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern Markets with a large and splendid assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Sattinets,

Which has been laid in with great care, and comprise the choice of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Markets, which he is now selling at prices so reduced that they will have to be seen to be believed. His stock consists as follows:

CLOTHS.—30 pieces of Dress Cloths, various colors, at prices ranging from $1 to $10 per yard.

CASSIMERES.—60 pieces of Plain and Fancy Cassimere, at prices varying from 62 cts. to $3 per yard.

VESTINGS.—60 different patterns of Fall and Winter Vesting, Plain and Fancy, from 50 cents to $3 per pattern.

SATTINETS.—20 pieces of Plain and Fancy Sattinets, at prices varying from 20 cents to $1 per yard.

Also—A large and general assortment of *Trimmings* of latestest styles, and best materials.

Ready-made Clothing.

The subscriber would most respectfully call the attention of the public to his large and extensive assortment of Ready-made Clothing, consisting of Cloaks, Over Coats, Body Coats, Frock Coats, Sattinet and Tweed Coats. Cloth, Cassimere, Sattin et and other Pants. Fancy and Plain Vests of Cloth, Cassimere, Sattin, plain and fancy Merino and other Vests.

BOYS' COATS AND PANTS.

A handsome assortment Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Stocks, Cravats, Pocket Hdkfs., Drawers, Gloves, Socks, Suspenders, and every other article usually kept in a Merchant Tailor and Ready-made Clothing Establishment.

WM. J. STEPHENS.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept 14, 1848.

N. B. The better to enable me to compete in prices with my Jew friends, in the Clothing trade, I will here give notice that my terms are cash. I ask a call from those who wish to purchase clothing, and I pledge myself not to be beaten by Jew or Gentile. W. J. S.

Limit off and Prices lower.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and vicinity, that they are now getting their Fall and Winter stock of

New and Fashionable Clothing,

Aware of the pressure they are now prepared and will sell clothing lower than was ever offered in the Valley of Virginia. Come and examine our stock before you buy, and save something. Being connected with a large Clothing Emporium in one of our Eastern Cities, they shall consequently have all the latest patterns and styles. Their stock at present consists in part of Cloths, Cassimeres and Tweeds, Coats of business, frock and dress patterns; Cloth, ble goods. Satin, Silk, Cashmere, Marseilles, Cloth and a'l kinds of Vests and of every price. Stocks, Scarfs, Cravats, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Collars, Drawers, under Shirts, and in fact every thing to be found in a gentleman's Fashionable Clothing Store.

A fresh supply of fashionable Hats, Caps, fancy Boots, Carpet Bags, Trunks, &c., &c.

A small stock of elegant Cloaks, lined and faced Overcoats, Bangups, Sacks, &c., &c.

Come give them a call and they'll warrant you are pleased with their stock and prices. This is your place as they are determined to sell lower than any one else can.

JOHN WALTER & BRO.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 14, 1848.

THE FAIR SEX

SHOULD pay attention to the following:

Hance's Vegetable Pills, for Purifying the Blood.

For females these pills are most truly excellent, removing all obstructions, the distressing headache so very prevalent with the sex; depression of spirits, dullness of sight, nervous affections, blotches, pimples and sallowness of the skin, and give a healthy and juvenile bloom to the complexion. Price 25 cents per box.

HANCE'S Compound Syrup of Hoarhound, for Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, &c., is now so well established that it is only necessary to state where it can be obtained.

The above are for sale by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore. Also, by

T M FLINT, Charlestown;
JOSEPH G. HAYS, Harpers-Ferry;
H S FORNEY, Shepherdstown,
DORSEY & BOWLY, Winchester.

November 9, 1848—1y

Hance's Sarsaparilla,

Vegetable or Blood Pills for Purifying the Blood,

REMOVING bile, correcting all disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to headache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use.

Magnas est veritas, et Prevalebit.

THE astonishing virtue of Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound, in relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting of Blood, Pleurisy, Croup, Whooping Cough and Consumption, need only to be tested to be fully established. A trial of a single bottle will convince the sufferer more of its good effect than all that could be written in a month. Price 50 cts

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore. Also, by

T M FLINT, Charlestown;
JOSEPH G. HAYS, Harpers-Ferry;
H S FORNEY, Shepherdstown;
DORSEY & BOWLY, Winchester.

November 9, 1848—

UNITED STATES HOTEL
HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he has leased the Hotel at Harpers-Ferry, (late in the occupancy of Capt. JOSEPH F. ABELL,) known as the *United States Hotel*, and is now prepared to accommodate passengers by the Rail Road, or travellers, in the most comfortable manner. Those travelling in the Cars will find this a most agreeable Dining place where every fruit of the season, and luxury that can be had will be served up in the most choice style.

To the people of this and the neighboring Counties he would say, that his House shall always be open for their reception and accommodation, as he is determined to make their calls agreeable. His Bar shall contain the choicest Liquors—his Table the best the market affords—his Chambers well furnished—and his Stabling, which is commodious, shall contain the best provender and attended by attentive hostlers.

Give the House a call, and judge of its merits for yourselves.

JAMES BATE WAGER.

Harpers-Ferry, April 8, 1848.

Tea Agency.

THE subscribers have obtained the Agency of the Canton Tea Company for the sale of their Teas. One of the Company resided among the Chinese at Canton, about seven years, engaged in the Tea Trade, thereby making himself a superior judge of the article, in all its varieties, gives them a decided advantage over all other Companies. The various kinds and qualities will be found put up in ¼, ½, and 1 pound packages, protected from the atmosphere by metal wrappers.

Dec 21. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

CARPETING.—The subscribers have just returned from Baltimore, with a new supply of Carpeting and Oil Cloth, to which they invite the attention of their customers.

Dec 21. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Indian Rubber Goods.

JUST received the following articles, viz: Indian Rubber Ponchos, Gaiters, Caps, Saddle Bags, Tobacco Wallets, Air Balls, Bands, Ducking Cups, Bottles, Gloves, Suspenders, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. J. K. WOODS & CO.

Oct. 12, 1848.

Harness Manufactory.

JOHN BROOK would respectfully call the attention of the public to his fine assortment of

SADDLES, BRIDLES
Harness and Trunks,

Together with every other article in his line of business, which have been manufactured out of the choicest material, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms. His work is all made up by experienced hands, and he feels assured cannot be surpassed in point of beauty and durability, by any establishment in this region of country.

He has on hand a lot of COLLARS, warranted to be of as good a quality as ever offered in this market.

He refers those who have never patronised him and who may be really desirous of procuring durable and beautiful work to his host of customers in this and the surrounding counties, and on their award he is willing to risk his mechanical reputation.

☞ Orders from a distance will be punctually filled, and on as good terms as though the purchaser were present.

His grateful thanks are rendered to those who have stood by and given him their generous patronage under every circumstance. If increased exertion to please be a merit at all, then will he confidently calculate on their favors hereafter, as no effort will be spared on his part. ☞ Call around and see me, immediately in the rear of the Court House, in one of the buildings connected with Mr. W. J. Hawks' Coach Factory.

Charlestown, Nov. 2, 1848.

JEFFERSON FARM
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being desirous of removing to the West offers for sale THE FARM on which he resides, situated seven miles West of Charlestown, (the seat of Justice for Jefferson County, Va.) within one and a-half miles of Smithfield, and near the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road, and the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike, bounded on the East and West by public roads,

Containing 215 Acres Limestone Land,

about one half cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with abundant resources for its further improvement, available at very little expense. The greater part of the *WOODLAND*, (about 108 Acres,) is enclosed for pasturage; the timber consists principally of oak and hickory, with a sufficiency of locust, cedar and wild cherry.

The improvements consist of a substantial and

Commodious Dwelling,

A good Barn, with stabling sufficient for 20 head of horses, and all other buildings necessary to have on a farm; a large Cistern at the door, and a never-failing Well of water. Also, Pools which supply all the stock on the farm, at all seasons of the year.

There are also *TWO ORCHARDS* of choice Fruit in full bearing, of all kinds.

In every respect this property combines the requisite merits of a comfortable residence, with a well improved and productive farm. It is offered for sale upon the most liberal terms, both as to price and time of payment. For further particulars either apply to the subscriber, (personally,) or by letter, addressed to him near Middleway, Jefferson county, Va. GEORGE HIETT.

Nov. 2, 1848—tf.

Valuable FARM for Sale.

THE undersigned, Trustees of the estate of William C. Walton, deceased, offer, at private sale, the very valuable FARM known by the name of "*BETHANY*," seven miles south of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, joining the farms of H. L. Opie and Mrs. Lewis, and lying immediately on the west bank of the Shenandoah river. There are two good springs of never-failing water, a good brick Dwelling House and Out-buildings. This farm is remarkable for its adaptation to the growth of wheat, corn, clover, &c., and is one of the most beautiful on the river.

There are two hundred and eighty acres of cleared Land, and one hundred and forty seven well Timbered, making in all 427 acres.

Persons wishing to purchase can view the premises by calling on Mr. George Harris, the present occupant.

Application for purchasing may be made to Mr. Robert Jamieson of Alexandria, Va., and to John T. Hargrave, Shepherdstown Jefferson, county, Va., either personally or by letter, post paid.

ROBERT JAMIESON,
JOHN T. HARGRAVE,
Trustees.

June 15, 1848.—tf.

Valuable Town Property
(In the town of Shepherdstown,)
FOR SALE.

THE HOUSES & LOTS on the Main Street, in the town of Shepherdstown, now in the occupancy of James Shepherd.

The two lots are adjoining, and upon one is

A Comfortable Dwelling,

With all Out-buildings, and a number of the choicest Fruit Trees. And on the other is a large CABINET SHOP, which can be used for that purpose, or converted into a fine store or school-room. The terms, which will be easy, will be made known by application to either of the undersigned. Possession given on the first day of April, 1848.

WM. SHORTT,
WM. B. THOMPSON.

Oct. 27, 1847—tf.

Blankets, Blankets.

HEAVY twilled Negro Blankets, all sizes and prices, for sale by CRANE & BROWN.

Nov. 30, 1848.

HAGERSTOWN ALMANACS for 1849 for sale by CRANE & BROWN.

Nov. 30, 1848.

WANTED—200 Bushels of good Potatoes, Any quantity of Dried Peaches & Apples.

Nov 30. J. J. MILLER.

WHIPS.—Just received, a large lot of very superior Riding, Carriage, and Buggy Whips, which I can sell very cheap. Some good Riding Whips as low as 12½ cents.

Nov 30. E. P. MILLER.

Hardware.

THE subscribers have just received the following articles in the Hardware line, viz:

Butcher Knives, Pocket and Pen Knives, Scissors, Razors, Pad-locks, Chest and Cupboard Locks, Stock Locks, Patent Rim Locks with Porcelain Knobs, Drop and Thumb Latches, Snuffers, Pocket Steelyards, Hinges, Screws, Waiters and Trays, and knives, Spittoons, Wash Irons, Carry Combs, rass-leaved Rakers, Coffee Mills, Sad Irons, rough and cut Nails, Hatchets, &c. &c.

Oct 12. J K WOODS & CO.

GREATEST WONDERS
OF THE AGE!

THE cheapest goods, beyond a doubt, that have ever been offered in this market, have just arrived from Baltimore, and are now being opened at the store of the subscribers.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, of every variety, viz

25 pieces Alpacca and Mohair Cloths;
30 " Super Cashmeres, very cheap;
200 " American, British and French Prints;
French Merinoes, Silk Dress Goods;
Hosiery for ladies, boys, girls and infants;
Super Alpacca Hose, only 50 cents;
Shawls from 37 cents to $18;
Thread Laces only 12 cents;
Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, 19 to 25c;
Black Cloth 5-4 wide, $1,25;
Super Sattinets, 50 cents;
Trimmings for Visites, L. C. Hdkfs, 12c; &c. &c.

We have only time to mention the above, and solicit a call from all who want good bargains.

ROBINSON & HOLLAND.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 5, 1848.

Stoves.

WE are now receiving a large lot of Stoves, both for Wood and Coal. Also, Cooking Stoves, (Kitchen Companion) and Grates; all of which we will sell much lower than ever before offered in this place. T. G. RAWLINS & CO.

Cotton Yarn.

10 THOUSAND lbs. Cotton Yarn, from 4 to 16 inclusive, from best factories;
600 lbs. best C. C. Chain; 600 do White,
15 bales Cotton Laps, pounds and half pounds,
12 do Wrapping Thread; 20 do Candle Wick,

for sale at reduced prices by BAKERS & BROWN.

Winchester, Nov. 2, 1848.

Flour.

FAMILIES are reminded that I keep constantly on hand, Welch, Ross, Whitehill, Smith and Extra Brands of Flour from Winchester; also Buckwheat Flour and fresh ground Corn Meal, Dried Fruit, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, with almost every article of this kind which they may want, and all at *extremely* low prices, and delivered to any part of the town *free of charge.* J. J. MILLER.

Nov. 2, 1848.

Something very desirable.

I WOULD respectfully call the attention of the ladies to a lot of most beautiful French Moulins in all of the fashionable colors, viz: Cherry, Scarlet, Claret, Crimson, Brown, &c.; these Goods are desirable and scarce; those who wish a handsome dress will do well to call early.

Nov. 2, 1848. E. P. MILLER.

ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA,
September, 1848.

McVEIGH, BROTHER & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY announce to their customers and dealers generally the arrival by packets "Farewell" and "Washington," direct from New York and Boston, of their regular Fall Stock of

GROCERIES,
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

Consisting, in part, as follows, viz:

85 hhds prime P R, N O, St. Croix Sugars
68 boxes double and single refined Loaf Sugar
80 bbls 2nd quality do do
50 boxes Brown and White Havana do
25 bags Brazil do
40 bbls fine and coarse crush'd and pulverized do
375 bags strong Green Rio, Merricabo, Angostura and St Domingo Coffee
105 bags Porto Rico, Laguyra, and Cuba Coffee,
55 bags Old Gov Java, very prime Coffee
115 tierces Porto Rico, Cuba, Muscovada, } Molasses and New Orleans
5 hhds Steward' Sugar House Syrup, for table use,
75 chests and half chests prime Gun'r and Imp } Teas
Young Hyson and Pouchong extra
25 quarter chests extra quality ter family use do
80 boxes Mould, Sperm, Adamtine and Dipped Candles
10 tierces fresh Rice,
130 boxes Rosin Soap, 25 do Castile
35 do variegated, Bar, Almond and Rose Soap
70 boxes Cheese—60 boxes Chocolate, and Starch
25 bales Almonds, Filberts, and English Walnuts
25 boxes Rock Candy—10 cases Preserved Ginger
25 baskets Salad, and 30 boxes Castor Oil,
35 kegs Garrett's Scotch Snuff—5 bbls Bladder do
15 jars Rappee Snuff,
175 boxes 5's and 8's Roscoe and Bell's, } Tobacco with other brands
105 12's, 14's and 16's do
75 boxes Hare's celebrated brand of Cav. do
40 boxes sun cured and 25 boxes Cobb's do
15000 La Norma and Plantation SEGARS
20000 Cazadora and Principe do
10000 Regalia and Congress do
25000 Half Spanish do
75000 American do
110 reams Nos. 1 and 2 Ruled Cap Paper,
135 reams do do Letter Paper
55 reams do Plain Letter and Cap Paper
475 reams do double and single Wrapping Paper
80 reams do do do Tea do
1 000 sacks Fine an. Ground Alum Salt
50 barrels Family Shad and Herring
75 do No 3 Mackeral—5 casks Copperas
60 kegs Madder and Salt Petre
25 barrels chipped Logwood—2,000 lbs Bar Lead
175 kegs Alum, Indigo,